

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

Incorporated in Abu Dhabi by Law (18) of the year 1975, and Under Registration No. (3) dated 8/8/1984 in the Insurance Companies Register and Subject to the Provisions of Federal Decree-Law No. (48) of 2023 Regulating Insurance Activities, Paid Capital AED 150,000,000



شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم (3) في 8/8/1984 في سجل شركات التأمين وتخضع لأحكام المرسوم بقانون اتحادي رقم (48) لسنة 2023 بشأن تنظيم أعمال التأمين، رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

Integrated Report

For the Financial year ended 31st December 2024



Since 1975



Table of Contents:		
Serial	Subject	Page
1.	Board of Directors Report	03-05
2.	Auditors Report	06-10
3.	Financial Statements for 2024	11-78
4.	Governance Report 2024	79-108
5.	ESG Report 2024	109-150



Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company (PSC)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR 2024

We are pleased to present our 49th Annual Report on the company's business activities for 2024 together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

As we reflect on the United Arab Emirates' economic performance for the year 2024, it is evident that the nation has demonstrated remarkable resilience and growth across various sectors.

The Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates maintained its real GDP growth projections for 2024 at 4.0 percent, accelerating to 4.5 percent in 2025. This growth is largely attributed to strategic diversification efforts and robust non-oil trade activities.

Notably, the country's non-oil trade surpassed the AED 3 trillion, reflecting a 14.6% increase from last year. This achievement underscores commitment to reducing reliance on hydrocarbons and expanding the global trade partnerships.

The UAE's insurance industry too has exhibited significant growth and resilience throughout 2024. Total insurance revenue reached AED 43 billion, a 21% increase compared to the previous year.

Despite facing unprecedented weather-related challenges, the insurance sector has demonstrated robustness. The industry's ability to navigate these adversities highlights the effectiveness of country's regulatory frameworks and the sector's commitment to innovation and customer-centric solutions.

The Insurance Revenue of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company for 2024 amounted to Dh. 1,140,701,449 compared to Dh. 1,429,385,063 in 2023 and Net Insurance Result for 2024 amounted to Dh. (87,807,510) compared to Dh. 3,659,877 in 2023.

Technical Reserves amounted to Dh. 487,792,536 compared to Dh. 341,227,589 in 2023 and the net loss reported by the Company amounted to Dh. (27,947,938) compared to net profit of Dh. 34,603,782 in 2023.

The results for each class of business are summarized as follows:

MARINE AND AVIATION

Insurance Revenue amounted to Dh. 82,970,827 compared to Dh. 62,858,386 in 2023. The company's share in technical reserves amounted to Dh. (25,778,627) compared to Dh. (15,073,393) in 2023.

NON-MARINE

Insurance Revenue amounted to Dh. 1,057,730,622 compared to Dh. 1,366,526,677 in 2023. The company's share in technical reserves amounted to Dh. 513,571,162 compared to Dh. 356,300,982 in 2023.

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER INCOME

Investment income for the year amounted to Dh. 75,099,512 compared to Dh. 53,834,907 in 2023.

The Board of Directors, on behalf of the Company, would like to express their gratitude and appreciation to His Highness Sheikh Mohammed Bin Zayed Al Nahyan, President of the United Arab Emirates and the Ruler of Abu Dhabi and His Highness Sheikh Khaled bin Mohamed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, the Crown Prince for their assistance to the national Companies.

The Board of Directors also thanks all people and organizations dealing with the Company within and outside the country and wishes to express their appreciation to the Management and Employees of the Company for their genuine efforts which contributed largely to this year's achievements.

A handwritten signature in black ink, enclosed within a hand-drawn oval border. The signature is stylized and appears to be in Arabic script.

The Board of Directors

Independent Auditor’s Report To the Shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C. and its subsidiaries (together the “Group”), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in shareholders’ equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants’ International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code)*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the requirements of the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Valuation of Insurance Contract Liabilities and Reinsurance Contract Assets	
<p>As at 31 December 2024, the Group's Insurance Contract Liabilities and Reinsurance Contract Assets are valued at AED 1,723.98 million and AED 1,287.18 million, respectively. (Refer note 10).</p> <p>Valuation of Insurance contract liabilities and Reinsurance contract assets involves significant judgements and estimates particularly with respect to estimation of the present value of future cash flows, eligibility of the premium allocation approach (PAA) and estimation of the liabilities for incurred claims and its related reinsurance assets.</p> <p>These cash flows primarily include determination of expected premium receipts, expected ultimate cost of claims and allocation of insurance acquisition cash flows which are within the contract boundaries.</p> <p>The calculation for these liabilities includes significant estimation and involvement of actuarial experts in order to ensure appropriateness of discount rates, methodology, assumptions and data used to determine the estimated present value of future cash flows pertaining to liability for remaining coverage (LRC), liability for incurred claims (LIC) and risk adjustment for non-financial risk.</p> <p>As a result of the above factors, we consider valuation of insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>We performed the following procedures in conjunction with our actuarial specialists:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Understood, evaluated and tested key controls around claims and premium administration and valuation of technical insurance reserves; - Evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the management's actuarial expert based on their professional qualifications and experience and assessed their independence; - Tested the completeness, and on sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of data used to determine future cashflows; - Tested and reconciled key data inputs into the IFRS 17 engine with primary insurance data and reconciled IFRS 17 engine output numbers to the financial statements and actuarial reports; - Engaged our actuarial specialist to assess the methodology and reasonableness of the key assumptions and judgments used by the management in determining the technical insurance reserves; - Evaluated the appropriateness of the methodology, significant assumptions including risk adjustment, PAA eligibility assessment, discount rates and expenses included within the fulfilment cashflows. This included consideration of the reasonableness of assumptions against actual historical experience and the appropriateness of any judgments applied; - Evaluated and tested the calculation of the allowance for expected credit loss including the data, key assumptions and judgments used; and - Assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Other Information

Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information contained in the consolidated financial statements which comprises the information included in the *Board of Directors' Report*, but which does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information, and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and their preparation in compliance with the applicable provisions of the UAE Federal Law No. 32 of 2021, and UAE Federal Law No. (48) of 2023, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.**

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities of the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

**Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.**

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the UAE Federal Law No. 32 of 2021, we report that for the year ended 31 December 2024:

- i) we have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- ii) the consolidated financial statements have been prepared and comply, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of the UAE Federal Law No. 32 of 2021;
- iii) the Group has maintained proper books of account;
- iv) the financial information included in the Board of Directors' Report, in so far as it relates to these consolidated financial statements, is consistent with the books of account of the Group;
- v) investments in equity and debt instruments during the year ended 31 December 2024, are disclosed in notes 8 and 9 to these consolidated financial statements;
- vi) note 16 to the consolidated financial statements discloses material related party transactions, and the terms under which they were conducted;
- vii) the Group did not make any social contributions made during the financial year ended 31 December 2024; and
- viii) based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Group has contravened during the financial year ended 31 December 2024 any of the applicable provisions of the Federal Law No. 32 of 2021, or in respect of the Company, its Articles of Association which would materially affect its activities or its financial position as at 31 December 2024.

Further, as required by the UAE Federal Law No. (48) of 2023, we report that we have obtained all the information and explanation we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.



GRANT THORNTON UAE

**Dr. Osama El-Bakry
Registration No: 935
Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates**

Date: 17 March 2025

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

Composition of Board of Directors

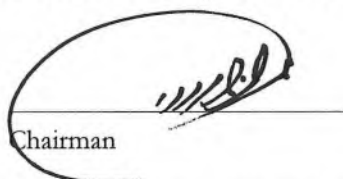
Chairman:	H.E. Mohamed Jouan Rashed Albadi Aldhaheri
Vice Chairman:	H.E. Khaled Mohamed Jouan Albadi Aldhaheri
Directors:	H.E. Ghaith Hammel Khadim Alghaith Alqubaisi H.E. Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Al Nowais H.E. Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei H.E. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Aldarmaki H.E. Saif Ahmed Al Mehairbi
Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Mohammed Mazhar Hamadeh
Address:	P.O. Box 3077 Abu Dhabi United Arab Emirates
External auditors:	Grant Thornton – UAE

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Consolidated statement of financial position
As at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
ASSETS			
Property and equipment	5	780,036	793,336
Investment properties	6	87,890	84,281
Intangible assets		39	69
Statutory deposit	7	10,000	10,000
Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	578,812	551,326
Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	9	21,882	3,257
Insurance contract assets	10	3,245	1,872
Reinsurance contract assets	10	1,287,184	769,864
Other receivables and prepayments	11	46,518	37,897
Deferred tax asset	31	2,052	-
Term deposits	12	271,019	195,769
Cash and cash equivalents	13	65,032	57,891
TOTAL ASSETS		3,153,709	2,505,562
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	14	150,000	150,000
Statutory reserve	15	75,000	75,000
General reserve	15	600,000	600,000
Technical reserve	15	8,083	8,083
Reinsurance default reserve	15	22,965	19,697
Investment revaluation reserve	15	244,957	216,675
Retained earnings		199,098	260,312
TOTAL EQUITY		1,300,103	1,329,767
LIABILITIES			
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	17	14,857	17,962
Insurance contract liabilities	10	1,723,983	1,065,345
Reinsurance contract liabilities	10	54,238	47,620
Accruals and other payables	18	60,528	44,868
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,853,606	1,175,795
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,153,709	2,505,562

To the best of our knowledge, the consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects the financial position, results of operation and cash flows of the Group as of, and for the year ended 31 December 2024. The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 17 March 2025 and signed on their behalf by:


Chairman


Chief Executive Officer


Chief Financial Officer

The accompanying notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Consolidated statement of profit or loss
For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Insurance revenue	10	1,140,701	1,429,385
Insurance service expenses	10	(1,458,111)	(560,464)
Insurance service result before reinsurance contracts held		(317,410)	868,921
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	10	(511,485)	(1,094,609)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers	10	750,251	235,181
Net income/(expenses) from reinsurance contracts held		238,766	(859,428)
Insurance service result		(78,644)	9,493
Insurance finance expense for insurance contracts issued	10	(60,752)	(37,140)
Reinsurance finance income for reinsurance contracts held	10	51,590	31,307
Net insurance finance expenses		(9,162)	(5,833)
Net insurance result		(87,806)	3,660
Income from investments, net	21	45,485	27,018
Income from investment properties, net	6	5,525	2,360
Total investment income		51,010	29,378
Other income	22	24,089	24,457
Other expenses	23	(19,828)	(22,891)
(Loss) / profit for the year before tax		(32,535)	34,604
Income tax benefit	31	4,589	-
(Loss) / profit for the year after tax		(27,946)	34,604
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share	24	(1.86)	2.31

The accompanying notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 AED'000s	2023 AED'000s
(Loss)/profit for the year after tax		(27,946)	34,604
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Change in fair value of equity instruments carried at FVTOCI – net of tax	8	26,419	18,470
<i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:</i>			
Change in fair value of debt instruments carried at FVTOCI – net of tax	8	1,863	1,880
Total other comprehensive income for the year		28,282	20,350
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		336	54,954

The accompanying notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Share capital AED'000	Statutory reserve AED'000	General reserve AED'000	Technical reserve AED'000	Reinsurance default reserve AED'000	Investment revaluation reserve AED'000	Retained earnings AED'000	Total equity AED'000
Balance at 1 January 2023	150,000	75,000	600,000	8,083	13,905	196,325	269,000	1,312,313
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,604	34,604
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	20,350	-	20,350
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	20,350	34,604	54,954
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	(37,500)	(37,500)
Transfer to reinsurance default reserve	-	-	-	-	5,792	-	(5,792)	-
Balance as at 31 December 2023	150,000	75,000	600,000	8,083	19,697	216,675	260,312	1,329,767
Balance at 1 January 2024	150,000	75,000	600,000	8,083	19,697	216,675	260,312	1,329,767
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27,946)	(27,946)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	28,282	-	28,282
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	28,282	(27,946)	336
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
Transfer to reinsurance default reserve	-	-	-	-	3,268	-	(3,268)	-
Balance as at 31 December 2024	150,000	75,000	600,000	8,083	22,965	244,957	199,098	1,300,103

The accompanying notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AL AIN AHLIA INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.
Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated statement of cash flows
For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
(Loss)/profit for the year before tax		(32,535)	34,604
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on property and equipment	5	16,376	16,322
Amortisation of intangible assets		30	75
Change in fair value of investment properties	6	(3,609)	(929)
Change in fair value of investments carried at FVTPL		(1,875)	(926)
Gain on sale of financial assets carried at FVTPL		(836)	-
Interest and dividend income	21	(43,220)	(26,572)
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	17	6,005	5,488
Operating cashflows before change in working capital		(59,664)	28,062
Working capital changes:			
Change in insurance contract assets		(1,373)	(1,872)
Change in reinsurance contract assets		(517,320)	80,716
Change in insurance contract liabilities		658,638	7,672
Change in reinsurance contract liabilities		6,618	44,967
Change in other receivables and prepayments		(10,673)	(12,398)
Change in accruals and other payables		17,712	(22,857)
Cash generated from operations		93,938	124,290
Employees' end of service benefits paid	17	(9,110)	(391)
Net cash generated from operating activities		84,828	123,899
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property and equipment	5	(3,076)	(48,538)
Purchase of investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	(25,848)	(77,122)
Purchase of investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	9	(23,787)	(2,331)
Proceeds from sale of investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	29,181	12,241
Proceeds from the sale of financial assets carried at FVTPL	9	7,873	-
Increase in term deposits		(75,250)	(27,677)
Interest and dividend received	21	43,220	26,572
Net cash used in investing activities		(47,687)	(116,855)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend paid	26	(30,000)	(37,500)
Net cash used in financing activity		(30,000)	(37,500)
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		57,891	88,347
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	13	65,032	57,891

Principle non-cash transactions include fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through OCI to the fair value reserve amounting to AED 28,282 thousand (31 December 2023: fair value loss of AED 20,350 thousand).

The accompanying notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1 Legal status and principal activities

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C. (the “Company”) is incorporated in Abu Dhabi with limited liability by Law No. (18) of 1975. Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C. is registered as a public shareholding company in accordance with the Federal Law No. (32) of 2021. The Company is subject to the regulations of the U.A.E. Federal Law No. (48) of 2023 (previously Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, as amended), issued by the Central Bank of UAE and is registered in the Insurance Companies Register of the Central Bank of the UAE, under registration number 3.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations, including the UAE Federal Law No. (32) of 2021.

The Company is domiciled and operates in the UAE and its registered address is P.O. Box 3077, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates. The Company’s ordinary shares are listed on the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange.

The Company’s principal activity is underwriting of all classes of insurance.

The Company had 266 employees as of 31 December 2024 (31 December 2023: 234).

These consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries 100% owned by the Company, (together referred to as “the Group”).

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards promulgated by International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) and interpretations thereof issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (“IFRS IC”) and in compliance with the applicable requirements of the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Federal Decree Law No. 32 of 2021 (“Companies Law”), relating to commercial companies and United Arab Emirates (UAE) Federal Law No. (48) of 2023 concerning Insurance Law issued by the Central Bank of the UAE (“CBUAE”).

2.2 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for investment properties and certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values as at the end of each reporting date and the provision for employees’ end of service indemnity which is calculated in line with UAE labour laws.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

2.3 Functional and reporting currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in UAE Dirhams (AED) being the functional and presentation currency of the Group. All the financial information has been presented in these consolidated financial statements has been rounded off to nearest thousands (AED'000) except where otherwise indicated.

2.4 Basis of presentation

The Group presents its consolidated statement of financial position in order of liquidity. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement of assets and liabilities within 12 months after the consolidated statement of financial position date (current) and more than 12 months after the consolidated statement of financial position date (non-current) is presented in note 28.

2.5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Group:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The consolidated financial statements include:

Name of subsidiaries	Principal activity	Country of incorporation
Al Bandar Investment owned by Al Ain Ahlia Insurance One Person Company LLC	Investment management in commercial enterprises, retail trade enterprises, oil and natural gas, agricultural enterprises, industrial enterprises, educational enterprises, and tourist enterprises.	United Arab Emirates
Al Bandar Rotana Hotel	Hotel apartment rentals	United Arab Emirates

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C. has control over the above companies and derives economic benefit from equity holdings. The Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entities and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entities via management agreements and accordingly, the entities are consolidated as wholly owned subsidiaries in these consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements incorporate 100% of the assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of the above companies.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls the investees if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

2 Basis of preparation (continued)

2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Group and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the consolidated financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows arising from transactions between Group members are fully eliminated upon consolidation. Additionally, all subsidiaries share the same financial year-end.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

2.6 Standards, interpretations, and amendments to existing standards

Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

New and revised IFRSs and interpretations applied on the financial statements

The following relevant standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards were issued by the IASB:

Standard number	Title	Effective date
IAS 1	Amendment to IAS 1 – Non-current liabilities with covenants and classification of liabilities as current or non-current	1 January 2024
IAS 7	Amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures—Supplier Finance Arrangements	1 January 2024
IFRS 16	Amendment to IFRS 16 – Leases on sale and leaseback	1 January 2024

These standards did not have a material impact on these financial statements.

Standards issued but not yet effective

The impact of the new standards, interpretations and amendments that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's consolidated financial statements are disclosed below. The Group intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

Standard number	Title	Effective date
IAS 21	Amendments to IAS 21 Lack of exchangeability Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	1 January 2025
IFRS 9 & IFRS 7	Amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures regarding the classification and measurement of financial instruments	1 January 2026
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
IFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027

3 Material accounting policy information

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held

Insurance contracts are contracts under which the Group accepts significant insurance risk from a policyholder by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event adversely affects the policyholder. In making this assessment, all substantive rights and obligations, including those arising from law or regulation, are considered on a contract-by-contract basis. As a general guideline, the Group determines whether it has significant insurance risk, by comparing benefits payable after an insured event with benefits payable if the insured event did not occur.

Classification of insurance contracts

The types of insurance contracts issued by the Group, among others, includes:

Property insurance contracts mainly compensate the Group's customers for damage suffered to their properties or for the value of property lost. Customers who undertake commercial activities on their premises could also receive compensation for the loss of earnings caused by the inability to use the insured properties in their business activities (business interruption cover).

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Classification of insurance contracts (continued)

Medical insurance contracts protect the Group's customers against the risk of incurring medical expenses. Medical selection is part of the Group's underwriting procedures, whereby contributions are charged to reflect the health condition and family medical history of the applicants. Pricing is based on assumptions, such as persistency, which consider past experience and current trends. Contracts including specific risks and guarantees are tested for profitability according to predefined procedures before approval.

Marine insurance covers the loss or damage of ships, cargo, terminals, and any transport by which the property is transferred, acquired, or held between the points of origin and the final destination.

Engineering Insurance is an insurance policy that covers a wide range of engineering related risks. It is a comprehensive insurance that provides complete protection against risks associated with erection, resting, and working of any machinery, plant or equipment.

Motor insurance comprises Comprehensive Insurance and Third-Party Insurance. Comprehensive Insurance covers the policy holder for any loss or damage to the policy holder's vehicle caused either by themselves or a third party. It also covers any third party for loss or damage caused by the policy holder. Third Party Insurance, on the other hand only covers the third party for any loss of damage caused by the policy holder.

Casualty insurance contracts protect the Group's customers against the risk of causing harm to third parties as a result of their legitimate activities. Damages covered include both contractual and non-contractual events.

Products are reviewed by the business units on an annual basis to confirm, or otherwise, that pricing assumptions remain appropriate. Analysis is performed on earnings and liability movements to understand the source of any material variation in actual results from what was expected. This confirms the appropriateness of assumptions used in underwriting and pricing.

Level of aggregation

The level of aggregation for the Group is determined firstly by dividing the business written into portfolios. Portfolios comprise groups of contracts with similar risks which are managed together. Portfolios are further divided based on expected profitability at inception into three categories: onerous contracts, contracts with no significant risk of becoming onerous, and the remainder. This means that, for determining the level of aggregation, the Group identifies a contract as the smallest 'unit', i.e., the lowest common denominator. However, the Group makes an evaluation of whether a series of contracts need to be treated together as one unit based on reasonable and supportable information, or whether a single contract contains components that need to be separated and treated as if they were stand-alone contracts. As such, what is treated as a contract for accounting purposes may differ from what is considered as a contract for other purposes (i.e., legal or management). No group for level of aggregation purposes may contain contracts issued more than one year apart.

The Group has elected to group together those contracts that would fall into different groups only because law, regulation or internal policies specifically constrains its practical ability to set a different price or level of benefits for policyholders with different characteristics.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Contract boundary

The Group includes in the measurement of a group of insurance contracts all the future cash flows within the boundary of each contract in the group. Cash flows are within the boundary of an insurance contract if they arise from substantive rights and obligations that exist during the reporting year in which the Group can compel the policyholder to pay the premiums, or in which the Group has a substantive obligation to provide the policyholder with services.

A substantive obligation to provide services ends when:

- The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the particular policyholder and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects those risks; or

Both of the following criteria are satisfied:

- The Group has the practical ability to reassess the risks of the portfolio of insurance contracts that contain the contract and, as a result, can set a price or level of benefits that fully reflects the risk of that portfolio; and
- The pricing of the premiums for coverage up to the date when the risks are reassessed does not take into account the risks that relate to years after the reassessment date.

A liability or asset relating to expected premiums or claims outside the boundary of the insurance contract is not recognised. Such amounts relate to future insurance contracts.

Recognition

The Group recognises groups of insurance contracts it issues from the earliest of the following:

- The beginning of the coverage year of the group of contracts;
- The date when the first payment from a policyholder in the group is due or when the first payment is received if there is no due date;
- For a group of onerous contracts, when facts and circumstances indicate that the group is onerous.

The Group recognises a group of reinsurance contracts it holds:

- If the reinsurance contracts provide proportionate coverage: (1) at the beginning or later part of the coverage year of the group, or (2) the initial recognition of any underlying contract; and
- In all other cases, from the beginning of the coverage year of the group the Group adds new contracts to the group when they are issued or initiated.

Separating components from insurance and reinsurance contracts

The Group assesses its insurance and reinsurance products to determine whether they contain distinct components which must be accounted for under another IFRS instead of under IFRS 17. After separating any distinct components, the Group applies IFRS 17 to all remaining components of the (host) insurance contract. Currently, the Group's products do not include any distinct components that require separation.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Loss components

The Group assumes that no contracts are onerous at initial recognition unless facts and circumstances indicate otherwise. The Group reassess this on quarterly basis and if at quarter end, the facts and circumstances indicate that a group of insurance contracts is onerous, the Group establishes a loss component as the excess of the fulfilment cash flows that relate to the remaining coverage of the group over the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage of the group. Accordingly, by the end of the coverage year of the group of contracts the loss component will be zero.

The Group's management meets at regular intervals to determine the profitability groupings of each portfolio of contracts. The committee acts as a forum to collect input from the pricing and underwriting functions and assess the relevant facts and circumstances which indicate that groups of contracts are onerous at initial recognition.

Below are some of the relevant facts and circumstances that the Group considers:

- Evaluation of expected combined ratios;
- Pricing information;
- Results of similar contracts it has recognised; and
- Environment factors, e.g., a change in market experience or regulations.

The Group divides portfolios of reinsurance contracts held applying the same principles set out above, except that the references to onerous contracts refer to contracts on which there is a net gain on initial recognition. For some groups of reinsurance contracts held, a group can comprise a single contract.

Measurement - Premium Allocation Approach

Insurance contracts – initial measurement

The Group applies the premium allocation approach (PAA) to all the insurance contracts that it issues and reinsurance contracts that it holds, as:

- The coverage year of each contract in the group is one year or less, including coverage arising from all premiums within the contract boundary.

Or

- For contracts longer than one year, the Group has modelled possible future scenarios and reasonably expects that the measurement of the liability for remaining coverage for the group containing those contracts under the PAA does not differ materially from the measurement that would be produced applying the general model. In assessing materiality, the Group has also considered qualitative factors such as the nature of the risk and types of its lines of business.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Measurement - Premium Allocation Approach (continued)

Insurance contracts – initial measurement (continued)

The Group does not apply the PAA if, at the inception of the group of contracts, it expects significant variability in the fulfilment cash flows that would affect the measurement of the liability for the remaining coverage during the year before a claim is incurred. Variability in the fulfilment cash flows increases with:

- The extent of future cash flows related to any derivatives embedded in the contracts.
- The length of the coverage year of the group of contracts.

For a group of contracts that is not onerous at initial recognition, the Group measures the liability for remaining coverage as the premiums, if any, received at initial recognition, minus any insurance acquisition cash flows at that date, with the exception of contracts which are one year or less where this is expensed, plus or minus any amount arising from the derecognition at that date of the asset or liability recognised for insurance acquisition cash flows that the Group pays or receives before the group of insurance contracts is recognised. There is no allowance for time value of money as the premiums are mostly received within one year of the coverage year.

The Group measures its reinsurance assets for a group of reinsurance contracts that it holds on to the same basis as insurance contracts that it issues, however, adapted to reflect the features of reinsurance contracts held that differ from insurance contracts issued, for example the generation of expenses or reduction in expenses rather than revenue.

Insurance contracts – subsequent measurement

The Group measures the carrying amount of the liability for remaining coverage at the end of each reporting year as the liability for remaining coverage at the beginning of the year:

- Plus premiums received in the year;
- Plus any adjustment to the financing component, where applicable;
- Minus the amount recognised as insurance revenue for the coverage year; and

The Group estimates the liability for incurred claims as the fulfilment cash flows related to incurred claims. The fulfilment cash flows incorporate, in an unbiased way, all reasonable and supportable information available without undue cost or effort about the amount, timing and uncertainty of those future cash flows, they reflect current estimates from the perspective of the entity and include an explicit adjustment for non-financial risk (the risk adjustment). The Group adjust the future cash flows for the time value of money and the effect of financial risk for the measurement of liability for incurred claims.

Insurance acquisition cash flows are allocated on a straight-line basis to profit or loss.

Reinsurance contracts

The subsequent measurement of reinsurance contracts held follows the same principles as those for insurance contracts issued and has been adapted to reflect the specific features of reinsurance held.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held (continued)

Measurement - Premium Allocation Approach (continued)

Insurance contracts – modification and derecognition

The Group derecognises insurance contracts when:

- The rights and obligations relating to the contract are extinguished (i.e., discharged, cancelled, or expired);
- Or
- The contract is modified such that the modification results in a change in the measurement model or the applicable standard for measuring a component of the contract, substantially changes the contract boundary, or requires the modified contract to be included in a different group. In such cases, the Group derecognises the initial contract and recognises the modified contract as a new contract.

When a modification is not treated as a derecognition, the Group recognises amounts paid or received for the modification with the contract as an adjustment to the relevant liability for remaining coverage.

Presentation

The Group has presented separately, in the statement of financial position, the carrying amount of groups of insurance contracts issued that are assets, groups of insurance contracts issued that are liabilities, reinsurance contracts held that are assets and groups of reinsurance contracts held that are liabilities.

The Group disaggregates the total amount recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income into an insurance service result, comprising insurance revenue and insurance service expense, and insurance finance income or expenses.

The Group disaggregates the change in risk adjustment for non-financial risk between a financial and non-financial portion which will be presented in insurance finance income or expenses and in insurance service result, respectively. The Group separately presents income or expenses from reinsurance contracts held from the expenses or income from insurance contracts issued.

Insurance revenue

The insurance revenue for the year is the amount of expected premium receipts (excluding any investment component) allocated to the year. The Group allocates the expected premium receipts to each year of coverage on the basis of the passage of time; but if the expected pattern of release of risk during the coverage year differs significantly from the passage of time, then on the basis of the expected timing of incurred insurance service expenses.

Insurance Service Expenses

Insurance service expenses include the following:

- incurred claims for the year
- other incurred directly attributable expenses
- insurance acquisition cash flow expenses.
- An element of time value of money of LIC for the year.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (continued)

Insurance and reinsurance contracts accounting treatment (continued)

Insurance acquisition costs

Insurance acquisition cash flows are the costs that are directly associated with selling, underwriting and starting a group of insurance contracts (issued or expected to be issued) and that are directly attributable to a portfolio of insurance contracts. Directly attributable expenses are the costs that can be fully or partially attributed to the fulfilment of groups of insurance contracts. The Company allocates the attributable costs based on a number of drivers. Both acquisition and attributable costs fall under the insurance service expenses. While non-attributable costs are reported under other operating expenses.

Net income or expense from reinsurance contracts held

The Group presents separately on the face of the statement of profit or loss, the amounts expected to be recovered from reinsurers, and an allocation of the reinsurance premiums paid. The Group treats reinsurance cash flows that are contingent on claims on the underlying contracts as part of the claims that are expected to be reimbursed under the reinsurance contract held and excludes investment components and commissions from an allocation of reinsurance premiums presented on the face of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Insurance finance income and expense

Insurance finance income or expenses comprise the change in the carrying amount of the group of insurance contracts arising from:

- The effect of the time value of money and changes in the time value of money; and
- The effect of financial risk and changes in financial risk.

The Group do not disaggregate insurance finance income or expenses between profit or loss and OCI.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.1 IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (continued)

Insurance and reinsurance contracts accounting treatment (continued)

Key Accounting Policy Choices

The key accounting policy choices made by the Group with respect to Insurance Contracts issued and reinsurance contracts held are described below.

Accounting Policy	Group Decision
Level of Aggregation – Adopting more granular profitability	Group adopted the minimum three classifications provided in the standard and not use more granular classifications.
Level of Aggregation – Adopting more granular cohort	Group is using annual cohorts and not using shorter cohorts.
PAA – Deferring insurance acquisition cashflows	Under PAA, in some circumstances, it is allowed to recognise insurance acquisition cashflows as expense and the Group opted to utilise this choice for all insurance acquisition cashflows.
PAA – Discounting LIC	Under PAA, in some circumstances, it is allowed not to discount the LIC, but Group is not using this option and discounts all LIC.
Interest Accretion – OCI Option	The standard allows that finance expense can be split between OCI, and P&L. Group aims to reflect entire finance expense in the P&L and plans not split between OCI and P&L.

3.2 Revenue recognition (other than insurance contracts)

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable in the normal course of business.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group’s right to receive the payment has been established.

Interest income on financial assets

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset’s net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income.

Realised and unrealised gain

Net gains/losses on financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income are described under the accounting policy for financial assets and liabilities.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.3 Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property and equipment is their purchase cost, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of property and equipment on a straight-line basis over their expected useful economic lives.

The principal useful life used for this purpose are:

Building	40 years
Office decoration	3-4 years
Furniture and equipment	3-4 years
Motor vehicles	3-4 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

3.4 Investment properties

Investment properties are held for the generation of income or capital appreciation and are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

3.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.7 Employee benefits

An accrual is made for estimated liability for employees' entitlement to annual leave and leave passage as a result of services rendered by eligible employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Provision is also made for end of service benefits due to non-UAE national employees in accordance with the Group's policy, which is at least equal to the benefits payable in accordance with UAE Labour Law, for their period of service up to the end of the reporting period.

Pension contributions are made in respect of UAE national employees to the Abu Dhabi Pension Authority, calculated in accordance with Government regulations. Such contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the employees' period of service.

3.8 Financial assets

Classification and measurement

The Group has the following financial assets: cash and cash equivalents, insurance and reinsurance balances receivables, investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and investments at fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the nature of the financial asset and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent include cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity instruments)

Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity instruments) are initially recorded at cost and subsequently measured at fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value and gains or losses arising on disposal are recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income and dividend income is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

Investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments) are initially recorded at cost and subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.8 Financial assets (continued)

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are initially recorded at cost and subsequently measured at fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value and gains or losses arising on disposal are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, profit from debt securities is recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss and dividend income is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt instruments classified as FVOCI. Assets migrate through the three stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition.

a) Overview

The Group is recording the allowance for expected credit losses for debt financial assets not held at FVTPL. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment under IFRS 9.

The ECL allowance is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (the lifetime expected credit loss or LTECL), unless there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination, in which case, the allowance is based on the 12 months' expected credit loss ("12mECL"). The 12mECL is the portion of LTECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group has established a policy to perform an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.8 Financial assets (continued)

Based on the above process, the Group categorizes its FVOCI assets into stages as described below:

Stage 1: When financial instruments are first recognised, the Group recognises an allowance based on 12-month ECLs. Stage 1 also include financial instruments where the credit risk has improved and the has been reclassified from Stage 2.

Stage 2: When a financial instrument has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the lifetime ECLs. Stage 2 also include instruments, where the credit risk has improved, and the loan has been reclassified from Stage 3.

Stage 3: Includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognised and treated, along with the interests calculated. When transitioning financial assets from stage 2 to stage 3, the percentage of provision made for such assets should not be less than the percentage of provision made before transition. Purchased or originated credit impaired assets are financial assets that are credit impaired on initial recognition and are recorded at fair value at original recognition and interest income is subsequently recognised based on a credit adjusted EIR. ECLs are only recognised or released to the extent that there is a subsequent change in the expected credit losses.

For financial assets for which the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering either the entire outstanding amount, or a proportion thereof, the gross carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced. This is considered a (partial) derecognition of the financial asset.

The accounts which are restructured due to credit reasons in past 12 months will be classified under stage 2.

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

b) The calculation of ECLs

The Group calculates ECLs based on probability-weighted scenarios to measure the expected cash shortfalls, discounted at an approximation to the EIR. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

- The Probability of Default ("PD") is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.
- The Exposure at Default ("EAD ") is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, taking into account expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date.
- The Loss Given Default ("LGD") is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that are expected to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.8 Financial assets (continued)

Impairment losses and releases are accounted for and disclosed separately from modification losses or gains that are accounted for as an adjustment of the financial asset's gross carrying value.

The mechanics of the ECL method are summarised below:

Stage 1: The 12-month ECL is calculated as the portion of LTECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The Group calculates the 12mECL allowance based on the expectation of a default occurring in the 12 months following the reporting date. These expected 12-month default probabilities are applied to a forecast EAD and multiplied by the expected LGD and discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.

Stage 2: When a financial asset has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Group records an allowance for the LTECLs. The mechanics are similar to those explained above, but PDs and LGDs are estimated over the lifetime of the instrument. The expected cash shortfalls are discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.

Stage 3: For financial asset considered credit-impaired, the Group recognises the lifetime expected credit losses for these financial assets. The method is similar to that for Stage 2 assets, with the PD set at 100%.

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Debt instruments measured at fair value through OCI

The ECLs for debt instruments measured at FVOCI do not reduce the carrying amount of these financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position, which remains at fair value. Instead, an amount equal to the allowance that would arise if the assets were measured at amortised cost is recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income as an accumulated impairment amount, with a corresponding charge to profit or loss. The accumulated loss recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income is recycled to the consolidated profit or loss upon derecognition of the assets.

c) Forward looking information

The Group, for forward looking information, relies on a broad range of forward-looking information as economic inputs, such as:

- GDP growth
- Unemployment rates
- Central Bank base rates

The inputs and models used for calculating ECLs may not always capture all characteristics of the market at the date of the consolidated financial statements. To reflect this, qualitative adjustments or overlays are occasionally made as temporary adjustments when such differences are significantly material.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.9 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Accruals and other payables

Trade payables and accruals are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective rate of return, with the expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Accruals and other payables (continued)

The effective rate of return is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating the expense over the relevant period. The effective rate of return is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or have expired.

3.10 Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated to AED at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to AED at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the consolidated statement of financial position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, which are stated at historical cost, are translated to AED at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses have been dealt with in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.11 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, such as investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income and investments carried at fair value through profit or loss and non-financial assets such as investment properties, at fair value at each reporting date.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.11 Fair value measurement (continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

3.12 Leases

The Group as a lessee

The Group considers whether a contract is or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, which conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.12 Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

To apply this definition the Group assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Group;
- the Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract; and
- the Group has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Group assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the consolidated statement of financial position. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Group, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Group depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Group also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.12 Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

The Group has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as a lessor

As a lessor the Group classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases. Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

3.13 Finance cost on financial assets

Interest paid is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as it accrues and is calculated by using the effective interest rate method.

3.14 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes purchase cost, together with any incidental expenses of acquisition. The amortisation charge is calculated so as to write off the cost of the intangible asset on a straight-line basis over the expected useful economic life of 6 years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period with the effect of any changes in estimation accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.15 Taxation

On 9 December 2022, the UAE Ministry of Finance released the Federal Decree Law No. 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses (the Law) to enact a Federal Corporate Tax (CT) regime in the UAE. The CT regime will become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2023. For the Group, accounting for current and deferred taxes have become applicable from the period beginning 1 January 2024. Accordingly, management has applied following accounting policies to incorporate the applicable Corporate Tax in accordance with IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

Current Taxation

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the period determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the period.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

3 Material accounting policy information (continued)

3.15 Taxation

Current Taxation (continued)

Income tax expense is recognised in interim period based on the best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate of the annual income tax rate changes.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for in respect of all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised, or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the statement of profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged to statement of other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in statement of other comprehensive income or equity.

4 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

4.1 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies

While applying the accounting policies as stated in Note 3, management of the Group has made certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognised in the period of the revision in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The significant judgements and estimates made by management, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

Classification of investments

Management designates at the time of acquisition of securities whether these should be classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost. In judging whether investments in securities are as at fair value through other comprehensive income, fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, management has considered the detailed criteria for determination of such classification as set out in IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. Management is satisfied that its investments in securities are appropriately classified.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

4 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty (continued)

4.1 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies (continued)

Classification of properties

In the process of classifying properties, management has made various judgments. Judgment is needed to determine whether a property qualifies as an investment property, property, plant and equipment. The Group develops criteria so that it can exercise that judgment consistently in accordance with the definitions of investment property, property, plant and equipment and property held for resale. In making its judgment, management considered the detailed criteria and related guidance for the classification of properties as set out in IAS 2 *Inventories*, IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment* and IAS 40 *Investment Property*, and in particular, the intended usage of property as determined by management.

Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. The judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Fair value of investment properties

External valuers may be involved for valuation of significant assets, such as investment properties. Selection criteria for valuers include their market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. Management decides, after discussions with the Group's external valuers, which valuation techniques and inputs to use for each case.

Management, in conjunction with the Group's external valuers, also compares changes in fair value of each property with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Provision for expected credit losses

Management reviews the provision for expected credit losses (ECL) at each reporting date by assessing the recoverability of the expected premium and reinsurance receipts. For non-insurance financial assets, the recoverability is assessed and expected credit losses are created in compliance with the simplified approach under the IFRS 9 methodology.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

4 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty (continued)

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Estimation of fair value of investment properties

The fair value of investment properties is determined by independent real estate valuation consultants based on income approach for building and comparable approach for land plots. The Investment method analyses potential rental income from the property and deducts the expenses incurred in the operation of the asset. The net rental income is then capitalised at market standards to arrive at fair value.

Liability for incurred claims

The ultimate cost of outstanding claims is estimated by using a range of standard actuarial claims projection techniques, such as Chain Ladder, Bornheutter-Ferguson and Expected Loss Ratio methods.

The main assumption underlying these techniques is that a Group's past claims development experience can be used to project future claims development and hence ultimate claims costs. These methods extrapolate the development of paid and incurred losses, average costs per claim (including claims handling costs), and claim numbers based on the observed development of earlier years and expected loss ratios. Historical claims development is mainly analysed by accident years, but can also be further analysed by geographical area, as well as by significant business lines and claim types. Large claims are usually separately addressed, either by being reserved at the face value of loss adjuster estimates or separately projected in order to reflect their future development. In most cases, no explicit assumptions are made regarding future rates of claims inflation or loss ratios. Instead, the assumptions used are those implicit in the historical claims development data on which the projections are based. Additional qualitative judgement is used to assess the extent to which past trends may not apply in future, (e.g., to reflect one-off occurrences, changes in external or market factors such as public attitudes to claiming, economic conditions, levels of claims inflation, judicial decisions and legislation, as well as internal factors such as portfolio mix, policy features and claims handling procedures) in order to arrive at the estimated ultimate cost of claims that present the probability weighted expected value outcome from the range of possible outcomes, taking account of all the uncertainties involved.

Some of the insurance contracts that have been written in the property line of business permit the Group to sell property acquired in settling a claim. The Group also has the right to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs. Estimates of salvage recoveries and subrogation reimbursements are considered as an allowance in the measurement of ultimate claims costs.

Other key circumstances affecting the reliability of assumptions include variation in interest rates, delays in settlement and changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

4 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty (continued)

4.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Discount rates:

Insurance contract liabilities are calculated by discounting expected future cash flows at a risk-free rate, plus an illiquidity premium where applicable. Risk free rates are determined by reference to the yields of highly liquid AAA-rated sovereign securities in the currency of the insurance contract liabilities. The illiquidity premium is determined by reference to observable market rates.

Discount rates applied for discounting of future cash flows are listed below:

	1 year		3 years		5 years		10 years	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Insurance contracts issued								
AED	4.84%	5.48 %	4.77%	4.44 %	4.74%	4.22 %	4.73%	4.17 %
Reinsurance contracts issued								
AED	4.84%	5.48 %	4.77%	4.44 %	4.74%	4.22 %	4.73%	4.17 %

Risk adjustment for non-financial risk

The following assumptions were used to calculate the risk adjustment:

- The standard errors and correlation matrix by risk classes are taken from CBUAE E-Forms.
- Standard deviations for each portfolio were calculated by multiplying their respective Standard errors with their total claim reserves.
- Portfolio-level standard deviations are combined at the entity level, accounting for correlations between portfolios.
- A lognormal distribution is assumed at the entity level, using total reserves as the mean and the entity-level standard deviation to influence the distribution's spread.
- The Value at Risk (VaR) at the 75th percentile is calculated based on the lognormal distribution assumption, representing the expected loss at a 75% confidence level.
- The resulting risk adjustment amount is distributed among portfolios using a proportional allocation method. Each portfolio receives a share of the risk adjustment amount proportional to its risk level at the 75th percentile based on the lognormal distribution.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

5 Property and equipment

	Land AED'000	Building AED'000	Office decoration AED'000	Furniture and equipment AED'000	Motor vehicles AED'000	Total AED'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2023	300,767	534,456	399	17,745	2,012	855,379
Additions during the year	-	43,350	13	5,175	-	48,538
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2023	300,767	577,806	412	22,920	2,012	903,917
Additions during the year	-	-	-	2,921	155	3,076
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-	(581)	(581)
At 31 December 2024	300,767	577,806	412	25,841	1,586	906,412
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2023	-	74,942	328	17,104	1,885	94,259
Charge for the year	-	13,549	41	2,679	53	16,322
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2023	-	88,491	369	19,783	1,938	110,581
Charge for the year	-	14,181	27	2,080	88	16,376
Disposals during the year	-	-	-	-	(581)	(581)
At 31 December 2024	-	102,672	396	21,863	1,445	126,376
Carrying amount						
As at 31 December 2024	300,767	475,134	16	3,978	141	780,036
As at 31 December 2023	300,767	489,315	43	3,137	74	793,336

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

6 Investment properties

	Land AED'000	Building AED'000	Total AED'000
Balance at 1 January 2023	23,474	59,878	83,352
Change in fair value	726	203	929
At 31 December 2023	<u>24,200</u>	<u>60,081</u>	<u>84,281</u>
Balance at 1 January 2024	24,200	60,081	84,281
Change in fair value	4,090	(481)	3,609
At 31 December 2024	<u>28,290</u>	<u>59,600</u>	<u>87,890</u>

The Group enters into operating leases for its investment properties. Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in respect of investments properties are as follows:

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Rental income from investment properties	3,093	2,459
Direct operating expenses	(1,177)	(1,028)
Increase in fair value of investment properties	3,609	929
Net profit arising from investment properties	<u>5,525</u>	<u>2,360</u>

The fair value of the Group's investment properties has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out for the year ended 31 December 2024 by an independent valuer not related to the Group. Najmat Al Murjan Real Estate Valuation Service LLC are registered with Real Estate Regulatory Agency (RERA), and they have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of properties in the relevant locations.

Investment properties are stated at fair value which represents the amount at which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable, willing buyer and a knowledgeable, willing seller in an arm's length transaction at the date of valuation. The investment properties were valued as at 31 December 2024 by the independent valuer at AED 87.89 million using the income approach for building and comparable approach for land plots.

The fair values were determined based on the capitalisation of net income method, where the market rentals of all lettable units of the properties are assessed by reference to the rentals achieved in the lettable units as well as other lettings of similar properties in the neighbourhood. The capitalisation rate adopted is made by reference to the yield rates observed by the valuer for similar properties in the locality and adjusted based on the factors specific to the respective properties. In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

6 Investment properties (continued)

For the valuation of the properties, the following significant inputs were used:

- Two buildings located in Abu Dhabi and Al Ain with fair values of AED 25.7 million (2023: AED 23.06 million) and AED 10.79 million (2023: AED 9.8 million) respectively. The rental income for the year net of expenses from each building amounted to AED 0.48 million (2023: AED 0.55 million) and AED 0.005 million (2023: AED 0.07 million) respectively.
- A warehouse in Mussafah with a fair value of AED 8.7 million (2023: AED 13 million). The rental income for the year net of expenses from the warehouse amounted to AED 0.99 million (2023: 0.27 million).
- Two plots of land in Dubai with fair value of AED 28.29 million (2023: AED 24.20 million). The plots are held for capital appreciation and used by the Group for future investment opportunities.
- 10 hotel apartments of Royal Amwaj with fair value of AED 14.39 million (2023: AED 14,22 million). The hotel apartments are held for capital appreciation and used by the Group for future investment opportunities.

The investment properties are classified as Level 3. There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 or to Level 3 during current and previous year.

There are no restrictions on the realisability of investment properties. The Group has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment properties or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements. The properties are not pledged as collateral.

7 Statutory deposit

In accordance with the requirements of UAE Federal Law No. (48) of 2023 covering insurance companies and agencies, the Group maintains a bank deposit of AED 10 million (2023: AED 10 million) which cannot be utilized without the consent of the Central bank of UAE.

8 Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Quoted UAE equity securities	377,271	366,242
Quoted UAE debt securities	178,962	162,505
Unquoted UAE debt securities	20,000	20,000
Unquoted non-UAE equity securities	2,579	2,579
	578,812	551,326

Quoted UAE debt securities carry interest at the rate ranging from 3.38 % to 8.75 % (2023: 3.38 % to 8.75 %) per annum.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

8 Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

The movement in the investments at fair value through other comprehensive income is as follows:

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Fair value at beginning of year	551,326	466,095
Additions	25,848	77,122
Disposals	(29,181)	(12,241)
Change in fair value taken to other comprehensive income:		
<i>Equity instruments</i>	28,863	18,470
<i>Debt instruments</i>	1,956	1,880
Fair value at end of the year	578,812	551,326

9 Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Quoted UAE equity securities	21,882	3,257

The movement in the investments at fair value through profit or loss is as follows:

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Fair value at beginning of year	3,257	-
Additions	23,787	2,331
Disposals	(7,037)	-
Change in fair value taken to profit and loss:	1,875	926
Fair value at end of the year	21,882	3,257

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets

The breakdown of groups of insurance and reinsurance contracts issued, and reinsurance contracts held, that are in an asset position and those in a liability position is set out in the table below:

	31 December 2024			31 December 2023		
	Assets AED'000	Liabilities AED'000	Net AED'000	Assets AED'000	Liabilities AED'000	Net AED'000
Insurance contracts issued						
Life and Medical	3,245	46,868	(43,623)	1,872	45,366	(43,494)
General and Motor	-	1,677,115	(1,677,115)	-	1,019,979	(1,019,979)
Total insurance contracts issued	3,245	1,723,983	(1,720,738)	1,872	1,065,345	(1,063,473)
Reinsurance contracts held						
Life and Medical	12,950	53,931	(40,981)	5,346	47,108	(41,762)
General and Motor	1,274,234	307	1,273,927	764,518	512	764,006
Total reinsurance contracts held	1,287,184	54,238	1,232,946	769,864	47,620	722,244

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

The roll-forward of the net asset or liability for insurance contracts issued, showing the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims, is disclosed in the table below:

Contracts measured under the PAA

2024	Liabilities for remaining coverage		Liabilities for incurred claims		Total AED'000
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Estimates of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Insurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	337,826	5,578	687,936	34,005	1,065,345
Insurance contract assets as at 1 January	(3,370)	440	1,056	2	(1,872)
Net Insurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	334,456	6,018	688,992	34,007	1,063,473
Insurance revenue	(1,140,701)	-	-	-	(1,140,701)
Insurance service expenses	142,138	19,528	1,270,085	26,360	1,458,111
Incurred claims and other expenses	-	-	1,705,253	75,251	1,780,504
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	142,138	-	-	-	142,138
Losses on onerous contracts and reversals	-	19,528	-	-	19,528
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(435,168)	(48,891)	(484,059)
Insurance service result	(998,563)	19,528	1,270,085	26,360	317,410
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	57,709	3,043	60,752
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	(998,563)	19,528	1,327,794	29,403	378,162
<i>Cash flows</i>					
Premiums received	1,209,284	-	-	-	1,209,284
Claims and other expenses paid	-	-	(793,436)	-	(793,436)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(136,745)	-	-	-	(136,745)
Total cash flows	1,072,539	-	(793,436)	-	279,103
Net insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	408,432	25,546	1,223,350	63,410	1,720,738
Insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	412,544	25,546	1,222,484	63,409	1,723,983
Insurance contract assets as at 31 December	(4,112)	-	866	1	(3,245)
Net insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	408,432	25,546	1,223,350	63,410	1,720,738

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

Roll-forward of net asset or liability for insurance contracts issued showing the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims (continued)

Contracts measured under the PAA (continued)

	Liabilities for remaining coverage		Liabilities for incurred claims		Total
	Excluding loss component	Loss component	Estimates of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
2023					
Insurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	282,494	23,947	717,177	34,055	1,057,673
Insurance contract assets as at 1 January	-	-	-	-	-
Net Insurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	282,494	23,947	717,177	34,055	1,057,673
Insurance revenue	(1,429,385)	-	-	-	(1,429,385)
Insurance service expenses	88,182	(17,929)	492,043	(1,832)	560,464
Incurred claims and other expenses	-	-	737,707	20,018	757,725
Amortisation of insurance acquisition cash flows	88,182	-	-	-	88,182
Losses on onerous contracts and reversals	-	(17,929)	-	-	(17,929)
Changes to liabilities for incurred claims	-	-	(245,664)	(21,850)	(267,514)
Insurance service result	(1,341,203)	(17,929)	492,043	(1,832)	(868,921)
Insurance finance expenses	-	-	35,356	1,784	37,140
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	(1,341,203)	(17,929)	527,399	(48)	(831,781)
<i>Cash flows</i>					
Premiums received	1,479,631	-	-	-	1,479,631
Claims and other expenses paid	-	-	(555,584)	-	(555,584)
Insurance acquisition cash flows	(86,466)	-	-	-	(86,466)
Total cash flows	1,393,165	-	(555,584)	-	837,581
Net insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	334,456	6,018	688,992	34,007	1,063,473
Insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	337,826	5,578	687,936	34,005	1,065,345
Insurance contract assets as at 31 December	(3,370)	440	1,056	2	(1,872)
Net insurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	334,456	6,018	688,992	34,007	1,063,473

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

Roll-forward of net asset or liability for reinsurance contracts held showing the assets for remaining coverage and the amounts recoverable on incurred claims

Contracts measured under the PAA

2024	Assets for remaining coverage		Amounts recoverable on incurred claims		Total
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss component	Estimates of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Reinsurance contract assets as at 1 January	182,179	474	556,814	30,397	769,864
Reinsurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	(72,612)	79	24,883	30	(47,620)
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 1 January 2024	109,567	553	581,697	30,427	722,244
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	(511,485)	-	-	-	(511,485)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers for incurred claims	-	5,751	721,695	22,805	750,251
Amounts recoverable for incurred claims and other	-	-	903,650	66,374	970,024
Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and	-	5,751	-	-	5,751
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims	-	-	(181,955)	(43,569)	(225,524)
Net (expense)/income or from reinsurance contracts held	(511,485)	5,751	721,695	22,805	238,766
Reinsurance finance income	-	-	49,782	2,855	52,637
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	(1,047)	-	(1,047)
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	(511,485)	5,751	770,430	25,660	290,356
Cash flows					
Premiums paid	519,719	-	-	-	519,719
Amounts received	-	-	(299,373)	-	(299,373)
Total cash flows	519,719	-	(299,373)	-	220,346
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	117,801	6,304	1,052,754	56,087	1,232,946
Reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	197,327	6,304	1,027,466	56,087	1,287,184
Reinsurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	(79,526)	-	25,288	-	(54,238)
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	117,801	6,304	1,052,754	56,087	1,232,946

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

Roll-forward of net asset or liability for reinsurance contracts held showing the assets for remaining coverage and the amounts recoverable on incurred claims (continued)
Contracts measured under the PAA (continued)

2023	Assets for remaining coverage		Amounts recoverable on incurred claims		Total
	Excluding loss recovery component	Loss component	Estimates of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	
Reinsurance contract assets as at 1 January	175,577	18,866	625,212	30,925	850,580
Reinsurance contract liabilities as at 1 January	(3,532)	-	761	118	(2,653)
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 1 January 2024	172,045	18,866	625,973	31,043	847,927
Allocation of reinsurance premiums	(1,094,609)	-	-	-	(1,094,609)
Amounts recoverable from reinsurers for incurred claims	-	(18,313)	255,692	(2,198)	235,181
Amounts recoverable for incurred claims and other expenses	-	-	386,173	15,463	401,636
Loss-recovery on onerous underlying contracts and	-	(18,313)	-	-	(18,313)
Changes to amounts recoverable for incurred claims	-	-	(130,481)	(17,661)	(148,142)
Net income or expense from reinsurance contracts held	(1,094,609)	(18,313)	255,692	(2,198)	(859,428)
Reinsurance finance income	-	-	29,705	1,582	31,287
Effect of changes in non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	20	-	20
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	(1,094,609)	(18,313)	285,417	(616)	(828,121)
<i>Cash flows</i>					
Premiums paid	1,032,131	-	-	-	1,032,131
Amounts received	-	-	(329,693)	-	(329,693)
Total cash flows	1,032,131	-	(329,693)	-	702,438
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	109,567	553	581,697	30,427	722,244
Reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	182,179	474	556,814	30,397	769,864
Reinsurance contract liabilities as at 31 December	(72,612)	79	24,883	30	(47,620)
Net reinsurance contract assets as at 31 December	109,567	553	581,697	30,427	722,244

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

In addition to scenario testing, the development of insurance liabilities provides a measure of the Group's ability to estimate the ultimate value of claims. The top half of each table illustrates how the Group's estimate of liability for incurred claims for each accident year has changed at successive year-ends. The bottom half of the table reconciles the cumulative claims to the amount appearing in the statement of financial position. The following tables illustrate the Group's estimate of total liability for incurred claims for the years up to 2024.

Gross Insurance contract liabilities at 31 December 2024

	2018 and prior AED'000	2019 AED'000	2020 AED'000	2021 AED'000	2022 AED'000	2023 AED'000	2024 AED'000	Total AED'000
At the end of each reporting year	-	412,674	309,469	439,340	368,643	541,437	1,427,144	3,498,707
One year later	-	357,605	301,904	392,927	250,449	408,512	-	1,711,397
Two years later	-	382,248	246,934	316,029	262,339	-	-	1,207,550
Three years later	-	385,760	245,869	312,277	-	-	-	943,906
Four years later	-	363,828	256,833	-	-	-	-	620,661
Five years later	-	364,015	-	-	-	-	-	364,015
Six years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seven years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimate of cumulative claims	36,314	364,015	256,833	312,277	262,339	408,512	1,427,144	3,067,434
Cumulative payments to date	-	(305,462)	(230,727)	(295,399)	(209,165)	(335,830)	(535,792)	(1,912,375)
Unallocated loss adjustment expense	217	224	247	166	446	702	11,874	13,876
Total gross undiscounted liabilities for incurred claims	36,531	58,777	26,353	17,044	53,620	73,384	903,226	1,168,935
Effect of discounting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(69,210)
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123,625
Total discounted gross reserves included in the statement of financial position	36,531	58,777	26,353	17,044	53,620	73,384	903,226	1,223,350
Risk Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,410
Gross Insurance contract liabilities at 31 December 2024	36,531	58,777	26,353	17,044	53,620	73,384	903,226	1,286,760

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

10 Insurance contract liabilities and reinsurance contract assets (continued)

Net Insurance contract liabilities at 31 December 2024

	2018 and prior AED'000	2019 AED'000	2020 AED'000	2021 AED'000	2022 AED'000	2023 AED'000	2024 AED'000	Total AED'000
At the end of each reporting year	-	190,696	138,079	132,944	120,259	170,495	463,276	1,215,749
One year later	-	181,915	125,640	122,667	108,638	173,929	-	712,789
Two years later	-	176,081	123,835	117,082	109,080	-	-	526,078
Three years later	-	174,357	119,387	115,355	-	-	-	409,099
Four years later	-	175,414	117,433	-	-	-	-	292,847
Five years later	-	174,699	-	-	-	-	-	174,699
Six years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Seven years later	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimate of cumulative claims	3,623	174,699	117,433	115,355	109,080	173,929	463,276	1,157,395
Cumulative payments to date	-	(172,740)	(114,377)	(112,887)	(102,723)	(167,768)	(349,486)	(1,019,981)
Unallocated loss adjustment expense reserve	217	224	247	166	446	702	11,874	13,876
Total net undiscounted liabilities for incurred claims	3,840	2,183	3,303	2,634	6,803	6,863	125,664	151,290
Effect of discounting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,566)
Effect of non-performance risk of reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,679
Claim payable – net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,193
Total discounted net reserves included in the statement of financial position	3,840	2,183	3,303	2,634	6,803	6,863	125,664	170,596
Risk adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,323
Net risk adjustments	3,840	2,183	3,303	2,634	6,803	6,863	125,664	177,919

During the year ended 31 December 2024, UAE witnessed unprecedented heavy rainfall causing significant damages to properties and vehicles. These events largely contributed to the increase in the reported and paid claims of the group majorly in motor and engineering portfolios.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

11 Other receivables and prepayments

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Other receivables	44,252	35,862
Prepayments	2,266	2,035
	<u>46,518</u>	<u>37,897</u>

12 Term deposits

These represent deposits with bank amounting to AED 271 million as at 31 December 2024 (2023: AED 196 million), carry average interest at the rate of 4.62% (2023: 5.37%) per annum with original maturity of 1 year.

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Current accounts with banks	64,681	57,742
Cash on hand	351	149
Time deposits	271,019	195,769
Cash and bank balances	<u>336,051</u>	<u>253,660</u>
Less: fixed deposits with an original maturity of more than three months (note 12)	<u>(271,019)</u>	<u>(195,769)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>65,032</u>	<u>57,891</u>

14 Share capital

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
<i>Authorised, issued and fully paid:</i>		
15,000,000 shares of AED 10 each	<u>150,000</u>	<u>150,000</u>

15 Reserves

Legal reserve

In accordance with the UAE Federal Law No. (32) of 2021 concerning Commercial Companies and the Group's Articles of Association, 10% of profit is to be transferred to non-distributable legal reserve until the balance of the legal reserve equals 50% of the Group's paid up share capital. This reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

15 Reserves (continued)

General reserve

Transfers to and from the general reserve are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors as per the authority granted to them in the Group's Articles of Association. This reserve may be used for such purposes as they deem fit.

Technical reserve

The Technical reserve is established to cover unforeseen future risks, which may arise from general insurance risks.

Investment revaluation reserve

Investment's revaluation reserve represents the accumulated unreleased gains or losses that are recognised on investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income at reporting date.

Reinsurance reserve

In accordance with Article (34) to Insurance Authority's Board of Directors Decision No (23) of 2019, insurance companies incorporated in the State and licensed by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates ("CBUAE") shall bind in the preparation of its annual consolidated financial statements and its final accounts to allocate an amount equal to 0.5% (Five per thousand) of the total reinsurance premiums ceded by them in all classes in order to create a provision for the probability of failure of any of the reinsurers with whom the Group deals to pay what is due to the Group or default in its financial position. The provision shall be accounted year after year based on the reinsurance premiums ceded and may not be disposed of without the written approval of the Director General of the Banking and Insurance Supervision Department of CBUAE. The decision was effective from 1 December 2020. Accordingly, an amount of AED 22.965 million (31 December 2023: 19.697 million) has been recorded in equity as a reinsurance default risk reserve.

16 Related party transactions and balances

Related parties represent major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Group, and the companies of which they are principal owners and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Group's management.

Directors are expected to avoid any action, position or interest that conflict with an interest of the Group. Details of all transactions in which a Director and/or related parties might have actual or potential conflicts are provided to the Board of Directors for their review and approval. When a potential conflict of interest arises, Directors concerned neither participates in the discussions nor exercise any influence over other members of the Board. If a major shareholder or a Director has any conflict of interests with any matter to be considered by the Board of Director and the Board of Directors determines that such a matter is significant, the decision thereon by the Board of Directors shall be made in the presence of all Directors and in the absence of the interested Director's vote.

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, being the directors, managing director and his direct reports.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

16 Related party transactions and balances (continued)

The following balances were outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

	<i>Nature of relationship</i>	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
<i>Due from related parties (included in Insurance contract liabilities)</i>			
Related parties due to common directorship	<i>Affiliates</i>	11,684	8,457
Key management personnel	<i>Key management personnel</i>	604	319
<i>Due to related parties</i>			
Remuneration of the Directors	<i>Directors</i>	1,400	3,845

Related party transactions

The Group, in the normal course of business, collects premiums from and settles claims of other businesses that fall within the definition of related parties as contained in IFRS.

The following are the details of significant transactions with related parties:

		2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Insurance revenue from Directors' affiliates	<i>Affiliates</i>	3,912	3,555
Net claims paid to Directors' affiliates		53	119
Board of directors' remuneration	<i>Directors</i>	1,400	3,845
Remuneration of key management personnel	<i>Key management personnel</i>	12,861	11,795

The remuneration of the Board of Directors is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The remuneration of key management personnel is based on the threshold allowed in accordance with Federal Law no 32 of 2021.

17 Provision for employees' end of service benefits

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
At 1 January	17,962	12,865
Charge for the year	6,005	5,488
Paid during the year	(9,110)	(391)
At 31 December	14,857	17,962

During the year, the Group paid pension contributions in respect of UAE national employees amounting to AED 700 thousand (2023: AED 615 thousands).

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

18 Accruals and other payables

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Directors' remuneration (note 16)	1,400	3,845
Other payables	59,128	41,023
	<u>60,528</u>	<u>44,868</u>

19 Profit for the year

Profit for the year is stated after charging:

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Staff costs	55,148	52,221
Depreciation and amortization	16,406	16,397

20 Gross written premiums

Details relating to gross written premium are disclosed below to comply with the requirements of CBUAE and are not calculated as per the requirements of IFRS 17.

31 December 2024	Life Insurance AED'000	Medical Insurance AED'000	Property & Liability AED'000	All types of Business Combined AED'000
Direct written premiums	3,403	112,371	817,992	933,766
Assumed business				
Foreign	-	-	104,386	104,386
Local	-	-	240,671	240,671
Total assumed business	-	-	345,057	345,057
Gross written premiums	<u>3,403</u>	<u>112,371</u>	<u>1,163,049</u>	<u>1,278,823</u>

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

20 Gross written premium (continued)

31 December 2023	Life Insurance AED'000	Medical Insurance AED'000	Property & Liability AED'000	All types of Business Combined AED'000
Direct written premiums	1,895	82,866	1,149,153	1,233,914
Assumed business				
Foreign	-	-	88,950	88,950
Local	-	-	196,102	196,102
Total assumed business	-	-	285,052	285,052
Gross written premiums	1,895	82,866	1,434,205	1,518,966

21 Income from investments, net

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Dividend income	21,258	13,714
Interest income	21,962	12,858
Fair value gain on financial assets carried at FVTPL	1,875	926
Other investment loss/expenses	(446)	(480)
Gain on sale of investment and securities	836	-
	<u>45,485</u>	<u>27,018</u>

22 Other income

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Income from hotel operations - net (Note 22.1)	20,256	21,955
Rent income	3,089	1,441
Other income	744	1,061
	<u>24,089</u>	<u>24,457</u>

22.1 Income from hotel operations – net

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Revenue from hotel operations	68,788	67,357
Cost of revenue from hotel operations	(22,613)	(21,462)
General, administrative and other expenses	(25,919)	(23,940)
	<u>20,256</u>	<u>21,955</u>

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

23 Other expenses

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Depreciation	13,098	13,098
Other expenses	6,730	9,793
	<u>19,828</u>	<u>22,891</u>

24 Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share

Basic (loss) / earnings per share amounts for the year are calculated by dividing (loss) / profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted (loss) / earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the effects of dilutive instruments.

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
(Loss)/profit for the year after tax	(27,946)	34,604
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue throughout the year (Shares'000)	<u>150,000</u>	150,000
Basic and diluted (loss) / earnings per share (AED)	<u>(1.86)</u>	2.31

As of 31 December 2024, and 2023, the Group has not issued any instruments that have an impact on the basic and diluted earnings per share when exercised.

25 Commitment and contingencies

The Group's bankers have issued in the normal course of business letters of guarantee in favour of third parties amounting to AED 12.87 million (31 December 2023: AED 15.13 million).

The Group is subject to litigation in the normal course of its business. The contingent liabilities amount to AED 12.71 million (31 December 2023: AED 13.54 million). Although the ultimate outcome of these claims cannot presently be determined, the management, based on advice from independent loss adjusters and internal legal counsel, has considered that existing provision is adequate to cover probable outflow of economic resource.

26 Dividend distribution

The Board of Directors had proposed cash dividends of 20% which is AED 2 per share amounting to AED 30 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 (AED 37.50 million for the year ended 31 December 2022). The dividends were approved on Annual General Meeting held on 23 April 2024 and were paid to the shareholders during the year.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

27 Risk management

Governance framework

The primary objective of the Group's risk and financial management framework is to protect the Group's shareholders from events that could hinder the sustainable achievement of financial performance objectives, including failing to exploit opportunities. Key management recognises the critical importance of having efficient and effective risk management systems in place.

Capital management objectives, policies and approach

The Group has established the following capital management objectives, policies and approach to manage the risks that affect its capital position. The capital management objectives are:

- To maintain the required level of stability of the Group thereby providing a degree of security to policyholders;
- To allocate capital efficiently and support the development of business by ensuring that returns on capital employed meet the requirements of its capital providers and of its shareholders;
- To retain financial flexibility by maintaining strong liquidity;
- To align the profile of assets and liabilities taking account of risks inherent in the business;
- To hold sufficient capital to cover the statutory requirements;
- To maintain financial strength to support new business growth and to satisfy the requirements of the policyholders, regulators and stakeholders; and
- To maintain strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business objectives and maximise shareholders value.

The operations of the Group are also subject to regulatory requirements within the United Arab Emirates where it operates.

Approach to capital management

The Group seeks to optimise the structure and sources of capital to ensure that it consistently maximises returns to the shareholders.

The Group's approach to managing capital involves managing assets, liabilities and risks in a coordinated way, assessing shortfalls between reported and required capital levels on a regular basis and taking appropriate actions to influence the capital position of the Group in the light of changes in economic conditions and risk characteristics.

The primary source of capital used by the Group is equity funds provided by shareholders.

The Group has had no significant changes in its policies and processes relating to its capital structure during the previous years.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2024. Capital comprises share capital, legal reserve, technical reserves, general reserve, reinsurance default reserve, investment revaluation reserve and retained earnings, and is measured at AED 1,300 million as at 31 December 2024 (2023: AED 1,330 million).

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

27 Risk management (continued)

Approach to capital management (continued)

On 28 December 2014, the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates (“CBUAE”) issued Financial Regulations for Insurance Companies and were then subsequently published in the UAE Official Gazette No. 575 on 28 January 2015 and came into force on 29 January 2015. The Group is subject to local insurance solvency regulations. The Group has incorporated in its policies and procedures the necessary tests to ensure compliance with such regulations.

The Group’s objectives when managing capital, which the Group considers to be the equity as shown in the statement of financial position, are:

- to comply with the insurance capital requirements required by UAE Federal Law No. (48) of 2023 (previously Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, as amended), concerning Financial Regulations of Insurance Companies issued by the Central Bank of United Arab Emirates and regulation of its operations;
- to protect its policyholders’ interests;
- to safeguard the Group’s ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing insurance contracts commensurately with the level of risk.

In the UAE, the CBUAE specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by the Group in addition to its insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital (presented in the table below) must be maintained at all times throughout the year.

The table below summarises the minimum required capital of the Group and the total capital held.

	2024 AED’000	2023 AED’000
Total capital held	150,000	150,000
Minimum regulatory capital	100,000	100,000

The CBUAE has issued resolution no. 42 for 2009 setting the minimum subscribed or paid-up capital of AED 100 million for establishing insurance companies and AED 250 million for reinsurance companies. The resolution also stipulates that at least 75 percent of the capital of the insurance companies established in the UAE should be owned by UAE or GCC national individuals or corporate bodies. The Group is in compliance with these rules.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

27 Risk management (continued)

Approach to capital management (continued)

The solvency regulations identify the required Solvency Margin to be held in addition to insurance liabilities. The Solvency Margin (presented in the table below) must be maintained at all times throughout the year. The Group is subject to solvency regulations which it has complied with during the year. The Group has incorporated in its policies and procedures the necessary tests to ensure continuous and full compliance with such regulations. The table below summarises the Minimum Capital Requirement, Minimum Guarantee Fund and Solvency Capital Requirement of the Group and the total capital held to meet these required Solvency Margins.

	30 September 2024 AED'000	31 December 2023 AED'000
Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR)	100,000	100,000
Solvency Capital Requirement (SCR)	286,838	225,872
Minimum Guarantee Fund (MGF)	123,557	75,291
<i>Own Funds</i>		
Basic Own Funds	970,319	1,080,076
MCR Solvency Margin surplus	870,319	980,076
SCR Solvency Margin surplus	683,481	854,203
MGF Solvency Margin surplus	846,762	1,004,785

28 Insurance and financial risk

Regulatory framework

Regulators are primarily interested in protecting the rights of policyholders and monitor them closely to ensure that the Group is satisfactorily managing affairs for their benefit. At the same time, regulators are also interested in ensuring that the Group maintains an appropriate solvency position to meet unforeseen liabilities arising from economic shocks or natural disasters.

The operations of the Group are subject to regulatory requirements within the jurisdictions in which it operates. Such regulations not only prescribe approval and monitoring of activities but also impose certain restrictive provisions to minimise the risk of default and insolvency on the part of insurance companies to meet unforeseen liabilities as these arise.

The chairman of the Insurance Authority (now Central Bank of the UAE) vide Board of Directors' Decision No. (25) of 2014 dated 28th December 2014, issued Financial Regulation for Insurance Companies (FRIC) applicable to insurance companies incorporated in the UAE and the foreign insurance companies licensed to practice the activity in the UAE.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Regulatory framework (continued)

Insurance risk

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the nature of an insurance contract, this risk is random and therefore unpredictable. Factors that aggravate insurance risk include lack of risk diversification in terms of type and amount of risk, geographical location and type of industry covered.

For a portfolio of insurance contracts where the theory of probability is applied to pricing and provisioning, the principal risk that the Group faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims and benefit payments exceed the estimated amount of the insurance liabilities. This could occur because the frequency or severity of claims and benefits are greater than estimated. Insurance events are random, and the actual number and amount of claims and benefits will vary from year to year from the estimate established using statistical techniques.

Experience shows that the larger the portfolio of similar insurance contracts, the smaller the relative variability about the expected outcome will be. In addition, a more diversified portfolio is less likely to be affected across the board by a change in any subset of the portfolio. The Group has developed its insurance underwriting strategy to diversify the type of insurance risks accepted and within each of these categories to achieve a sufficiently large population of risks to reduce the variability of the expected outcome.

The Group manages risks through its underwriting strategy, adequate reinsurance arrangements and proactive claims handling. The underwriting strategy attempts to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of risk, industry and geography. Underwriting limits are in place to enforce appropriate risk selection criteria.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Frequency and severity of claims

The Group has the right not to renew individual policies, to re-price the risk, to impose deductibles and to reject the payment of a fraudulent claim. Insurance contracts also entitle the Group to pursue third parties for payment of some or all costs (for example, subrogation). Furthermore, the Group's strategy limits the total exposure to any one territory and the exposure to any one industry.

Property insurance contracts are underwritten by reference to the commercial replacement value of the properties and contents insured and claim payment limits are always included to cap the amount payable on occurrence of the insured event. Cost of rebuilding properties, of replacement or indemnity for contents and time taken to restart operations for business interruption are the key factors that influence the level of claims under these policies. Property insurance contracts are subdivided into four risk categories: fire, business interruption, weather damage and theft. The insurance risk arising from these contracts is not concentrated in any of the territories in which the Group operates, and there is a balance between commercial and personal properties in the overall portfolio of insured buildings.

The reinsurance arrangements include excess and catastrophe coverage. The Group has survey units dealing with the mitigation of risks surrounding claims. This unit investigates and recommends ways to improve risk claims. The risks are reviewed individually at least once in 3 years and adjusted to reflect the latest information on the underlying facts, current law, jurisdiction, contractual terms and conditions, and other factors. The Group actively manages and pursues early settlements of claims to reduce its exposure to unpredictable developments.

The following tables disclose the concentration of insurance liabilities by line of business. The amounts are the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities (gross and net of reinsurance) arising from the insurance contracts:

	As at 31 December 2024		
	Gross AED'000	Reinsurance AED'000	Net AED'000
Life and medical	43,623	(40,981)	84,604
Motor and general	<u>1,677,115</u>	<u>1,273,927</u>	<u>403,188</u>
	<u>1,720,738</u>	<u>1,232,946</u>	<u>487,792</u>

	As at 31 December 2023		
	Gross AED'000	Reinsurance AED'000	Net AED'000
Life and Medical	43,494	(41,762)	85,256
Motor and General	<u>1,019,979</u>	<u>764,006</u>	<u>255,973</u>
	<u>1,063,473</u>	<u>722,244</u>	<u>341,229</u>

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments

Claims on insurance contracts are payable on a claims-occurrence basis. The Group is liable for all insured events that occurred during the term of the contract, even if the loss is discovered after the end of the contract term. As a result, liability claims are settled over a long period of time and element of the claims provision includes incurred but not reported claims (IBNR). The estimation of IBNR is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling claims already notified to the Group, where information about the claim event is available. IBNR claims may not be apparent to the insured until many years after the event that gave rise to the claims. For some insurance contracts, the IBNR proportion of the total liability is high and will typically display greater variations between initial estimates and final outcomes because of the greater degree of difficulty of estimating these liabilities. In estimating the liability for the cost of reported claims not yet paid, the Group considers information available from loss adjusters and information on the cost of settling claims with similar characteristics in previous periods. Large claims are assessed on a case-by-case basis or projected separately in order to allow for the possible distortive effect of their development and incidence on the rest of the portfolio.

The estimated cost of claims includes direct expenses to be incurred in settling claims, net of the expected subrogation value and other recoveries. The Group takes all reasonable steps to ensure that it has appropriate information regarding its claims exposures. However, given the uncertainty in establishing claims provisions, it is likely that the final outcome will prove to be different from the original liability established.

The amount of insurance claims is particularly sensitive to the level of court awards and to the development of legal precedent on matters of contract and tort. Insurance contracts are also subject to the emergence of new types of latent claims, but no allowance is included for this at the end of the reporting period.

Where possible, the Group adopts multiple techniques to estimate the required level of provisions. This provides a greater understanding of the trends inherent in the experience being projected. The projections given by the various methodologies also assist in estimating the range of possible outcomes. The most appropriate estimation technique is selected taking into account the characteristics of the business class and the extent of the development of each accident year.

In calculating the estimated cost of unpaid claims (both reported and not), the Group's estimation techniques are a combination of loss-ratio-based estimates and an estimate based upon actual claims experience using predetermined formulae where greater weight is given to actual claims experience as time passes. The initial loss-ratio estimate is an important assumption in the estimation technique and is based on previous years' experience, adjusted for factors such as premium rate changes, anticipated market experience and historical claims inflation.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Sources of uncertainty in the estimation of future claim payments (continued)

The initial estimate of the loss ratios used for the current year before and after reinsurance are analysed below by type of risk where the insured operates for current and prior year premium earned.

	2024		2023	
	Gross loss ratio	Net loss ratio	Gross loss ratio	Net loss ratio
Life insurance	(2.54) %	0.56%	83.46%	60.75%
Non-life insurance	112.41%	88.67%	31.27%	68.76%

A hypothetical 1% change in the loss ratio, net of reinsurance, would impact insurance service result as follows:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Impact of change in loss ratio by +/- 1%		
Motor	3,542	791
Marine Cargo	1	15
Marine Hull	34	35
Aviation	-	1
Fire	65	27
General Accident	101	4
Liability	9	5
Engineering	10	14
Energy	50	12
Medical	826	725
Life	-	2

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Process used to decide on assumptions

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables that complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. Internal data is derived mostly from the Group's quarterly claims reports and screening of the actual insurance contracts carried out at the end of the reporting period to derive data for the contracts held. The Group uses assumptions based on a mixture of internal and market data to measure its claims liabilities. The Group has reviewed the individual contracts and in particular the industries in which the insured companies operate and the actual exposure years of claims. This information is used to develop scenarios related to the latency of claims that are used for the projections of the ultimate number of claims.

The choice of selected results for each accident year of each class of business depends on an assessment of the technique that has been most appropriate to observed historical developments. In certain instances, this has meant that different techniques or combinations of techniques have been selected for individual accident years or Group's accident years within the same class of business. An analysis of Group's claim development is presented in note 10.

Concentration of insurance risk

Substantially all the Group's underwriting business are carried out in the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

In common with other insurance companies, in order to minimise financial exposure arising from large insurance claims, the Group, in the normal course of business, enters into arrangement with other parties for reinsurance purposes.

To minimise its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies, the Group evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors concentrations of credit risk arising from similar geographic regions, activities or economic characteristics of the reinsurers. Reinsurance ceded contracts do not relieve the Group from its obligations to policyholders. The Group remains liable to its policyholders for the portion reinsured to the extent that any reinsurer does not meet the obligations assumed under the reinsurance agreements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group.

Key areas where the Group is exposed to credit risk are:

- reinsurance contract assets
- amounts due from insurance contract holders;
- amounts due from banks for its bank balances and term deposits and debt securities.

The Group has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of their counterparties are continuously monitored, and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the management annually.

Reinsurance is used to manage insurance risk. This does not, however, discharge the Group's liability as primary insurer. If a reinsurer fails to pay a claim for any reason, the Group remains liable for the payment to the policyholder. The creditworthiness of reinsurers is considered on an annual basis by reviewing their financial strength prior to finalisation of any contract.

The Group maintains records of the payment history for significant contract holders with whom it conducts regular business. The exposure to individual counterparties is also managed by other mechanisms, such as the right of offset where counterparties are both debtors and creditors of the Group. Management information includes details of provisions for impairment on insurance receivables and subsequent write-offs. Exposures to individual policyholders and groups of policyholders are mitigated by ongoing credit evaluation of their financial condition.

For expected premium and reinsurance receipts the Group has applied the simplified approach in IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses on these items by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of these assets is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The Group defines counterparties as having similar characteristics if they are related entities. The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are registered banks with sound financial positions.

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, all term deposits were placed with banks within UAE. Management is confident that this concentration of liquid assets at year-end does not result in any credit risk to the Group as the banks are major banks operating in the UAE and are highly regulated by the Central Bank.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the consolidated financial statements, which is net of impairment losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for such receivables and liquid funds.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the consolidated statement of financial position:

	Notes	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Statutory deposits	7	10,000	10,000
Financial assets carried at FVTOCI	8	578,812	551,326
Financial assets carried at FVTPL	9	21,882	3,257
Insurance contract assets	10	3,245	1,872
Reinsurance contract assets	10	1,287,184	769,864
Other receivables	11	44,252	35,862
Term deposits	12	271,019	195,769
Cash at banks	13	65,032	57,742
Total credit risk exposure		2,281,426	1,625,692

Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual security, or its issuer, or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. The Group is exposed to market risk with respect to its investment securities. The Group limits market risks by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by continuous monitoring of developments in the market. In addition, the Group actively monitors the key factors that affect the market movements, including analysis of the operational and financial performance of investees.

At the end of the reporting period, if the equity prices are 10% higher/lower as per the assumptions mentioned below and all the other variables were held constant, the Group's other comprehensive income would have increased/decreased by AED 37.7 million (2023: AED 36.6 million) in the case of the financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the finance income or finance cost of the Group. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk on its debt securities and term deposits that carry fixed interest rates which are detailed in Notes 8 and 12, respectively.

The Group generally tries to minimise the interest rate risk by closely monitoring the market interest rates and investing in those financial assets in which such risk is expected to be minimal.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on:

- (i) Liability for incurred claims; and
- (ii) Asset for incurred claims.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for interest-bearing financial assets assuming the amount of assets at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year.

As all the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities of the Group carry fixed interest rates, the Group is not subject to fluctuation of interest rate at the reporting date.

31 December 2024

	Impact on profit gross of reinsurance AED'000	Impact on profit net of reinsurance AED'000	Impact on equity gross of reinsurance AED'000	Impact on equity net of reinsurance AED'000
Risk Adjustment				
1% increase	(634)	(73)	(634)	(73)
1% decrease	634	73	634	73
Discounting				
1% increase	13,883	1,280	13,883	1,280
1% decrease	(14,173)	(1,299)	(14,173)	(1,299)

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity analysis (continued)

31 December 2023

	Impact on profit gross of reinsurance	Impact on profit net of reinsurance	Impact on equity gross of reinsurance	Impact on equity net of reinsurance
	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000	AED'000
Risk adjustment				
1% increase	462	158	462	158
1% decrease	(462)	(158)	(462)	(158)
Discounting				
1% increase	7,029	1,663	7,029	1,663
1% decrease	(7,154)	(1,691)	(7,154)	(1,691)

Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that financial instrument will fluctuate due to change in foreign exchange rates. Assets are typically funded in the same currency as that of the business being transacted to eliminate exchange exposures. Management believes that there is a minimal risk of significant loss due to exchange rate fluctuations and consequently the Group does not hedge its foreign currency exposure.

The Group's major transactions in foreign currencies are in US Dollars. As the exchange rates of the UAE Dirham is pegged to the US Dollar, the Group is not subject to significant currency risk.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities at maturity date. The Group manages the liquidity risk through a risk management framework for the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements by maintaining adequate reserves, sufficient cash and cash equivalent and bank facilities, to ensure that funds are available to meet their commitments for liabilities as they fall due.

The maturity profile is monitored by management to ensure adequate liquidity is maintained. The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial assets and liabilities based on remaining contractual obligations including interest receivable and payables.

The table below summarises the maturities of the Group's undiscounted liabilities at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, based on contractual payment dates and current market interest rates.

	Current Up to 1 year AED'000	Non-current >1 year AED'000	Total AED'000
31 December 2024			
Insurance contract liabilities	1,723,983	-	1,723,983
Reinsurance contract liabilities	54,238	-	54,238
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	-	14,857	14,857
Accruals and other payables	60,528	-	60,528
	1,838,749	14,857	1,853,606
31 December 2023			
Insurance contract liabilities	1,065,345	-	1,065,345
Reinsurance contract liabilities	47,620	-	47,620
Provision for employees' end of service benefits	-	17,962	17,962
Accruals and other payables	44,868	-	44,868
	1,157,833	17,962	1,175,795

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

28 Insurance and financial risk (continued)

Insurance risk (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The expected maturity profile of the assets at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Less than one year AED'000	More than one year AED'000	No maturity date AED'000	Total AED'000
31 December 2024				
Statutory deposits	-	-	10,000	10,000
Financial assets carried at FVTOCI	-	578,812	-	578,812
Financial assets carried at FVTPL	21,882	-	-	21,882
Insurance contract assets	3,245	-	-	3,245
Reinsurance contract assets	1,287,184	-	-	1,287,184
Other receivables and prepayments	44,252	-	-	44,252
Term deposits	271,019	-	-	271,019
Cash and cash equivalents	65,032	-	-	65,032
	<u>1,692,614</u>	<u>578,812</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>2,281,426</u>

	Less than one year AED'000	More than one year AED'000	No maturity date AED'000	Total AED'000
31 December 2023				
Statutory deposits	-	-	10,000	10,000
Financial assets carried at FVTOCI	-	551,326	-	551,326
Financial assets carried at FVTPL	3,257	-	-	3,257
Insurance contract assets	1,872	-	-	1,872
Reinsurance contract assets	769,864	-	-	769,864
Other receivables and prepayments	37,897	-	-	37,897
Term deposits	195,769	-	-	195,769
Cash and cash equivalents	57,891	-	-	57,891
	<u>1,066,550</u>	<u>551,326</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>1,627,876</u>

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

29 Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets consist of statutory deposits, investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income, insurance receivables, deposits, bank balances and cash, and certain other assets. Financial liabilities consist of insurance payables, lease liabilities and certain other liabilities.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values.

The following table shows the analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023:

	Level 1 AED'000	Level 2 AED'000	Level 3 AED'000	Total AED'000
31 December 2024				
Investments carried at FVTOCI	556,233	20,000	2,579	578,812
Investments carried at FVTPL	21,882	-	-	21,882
	578,115	20,000	2,579	600,694
31 December 2023				
Investments carried at FVTOCI	528,747	20,000	2,579	551,326
Investments carried at FVTPL	3,257	-	-	3,257
	532,004	20,000	2,579	554,583

Valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted bid prices in an active market

Level 2: Market data obtained from observable sources

Level 3: Net assets value based on audited financials

During the reporting periods ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfer into and out of level 3 fair value measurements.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

29 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined:

Financial assets	Fair value as at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000				
Quoted equity investments – FVTOCI	377,271	366,242	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None	N/A
Quoted debts instruments – FVTOCI	178,962	162,505	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None	N/A
Unquoted debt investments – FVTOCI	20,000	20,000	Level 2	Unquoted debt Market data obtained from observable sources	None	N/A
Unquoted equity investments – FVTOCI	2,579	2,579	Level 3	Adjusted net assets valuation method after adjusting for certain components in financial information of underlying companies.	Net assets value	Higher the net assets value of the investees, higher the fair value
Quoted equity investments – FVTPL	21,882	3,257	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None	N/A

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

30 Segment reporting

30.1 Segment revenue and results

The Group has two reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units. The strategic business units are managed separately because they require different approach, technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic business units, the Chief Operating Decision Maker reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis.

The following summary describes the two main business segments:

- Underwriting of general insurance business - incorporating all classes of general insurance such as fire, marine, motor, medical, general accident and miscellaneous.
- Investments - incorporating investments in marketable equity securities and investment funds, development bonds, term deposits with banks and investment properties and other securities.

	2024			2023		
	Insurance AED'000	Investments AED'000	Total AED'000	Insurance AED'000	Investment s AED'000	Total AED'000
Segment Revenue	1,140,701	51,010	1,191,711	1,429,385	29,378	1,458,763
Segment result	(87,806)	51,010	(36,796)	3,660	29,378	33,038
Unallocated (loss) / profit for the year			4,261	-	-	1,566
			(32,535)			34,604

30.2 Segment assets and liabilities

	As at 31 December 2024			As at 31 December 2023		
	Insurance AED'000	Investments AED'000	Total AED'000	Insurance AED'000	Investment s AED'000	Total AED'000
Segment assets	2,119,074	969,603	3,088,677	1,603,038	844,633	2,447,671
Unallocated assets	-	-	65,032	-	-	57,891
Total assets	2,119,074	969,603	3,153,709	1,603,038	844,633	2,505,562
Segment liabilities	1,838,749	-	1,838,749	1,157,833	-	1,157,833
Unallocated liabilities	-	-	14,857	-	-	17,962
Total liabilities	1,838,749	-	1,853,606	1,157,833	-	1,175,795

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.

Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

30 Segment reporting (continued)

30.3 Revenue from underwriting departments

The following is an analysis of the Group's insurance revenues classified by major underwriting departments.

	2024 AED'000	2023 AED'000
Motor	373,457	124,540
Marine and aviation	82,970	62,858
Fire and allied perils	223,956	182,372
General accident	92,687	103,356
Engineering and energy	255,063	770,412
Medical	109,144	184,402
Life	3,424	1,445
	<u>1,140,701</u>	<u>1,429,385</u>

There were no transactions between the business segments during the year.

31 Corporate tax

On 9 December 2022, the UAE Ministry of Finance released Federal Decree-Law No. 47 of 2022 on the Taxation of Corporations and Businesses (Corporate Tax Law or the Law) to enact a Federal Corporate Tax (CT) regime in the UAE. The CT regime will become effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 June 2023.

Decision No. 116 of 2022 (published in December 2022 and considered to be effective from 16 January 2023) specifies that taxable income not exceeding AED 375,000 would be subject to a 0% UAE CT rate, and taxable income exceeding AED 375,000 would be subject to the 9% UAE CT rate. With the publication of this Decision, the UAE CT Law is considered to have been substantively enacted for the purposes of accounting for Income Taxes.

Subsequently, the UAE CT Law has been supplemented by a number of Decisions of the Cabinet of Ministers of the UAE (Decisions). Such Decisions and other interpretive guidance of the UAE Federal Tax Authority provide important details relating to the interpretation of the UAE CT Law and are required to fully evaluate the impact of the UAE CT Law on the Company.

The Group is subject to the provisions of the UAE CT Law with effect from 1 July 2023, and current taxes have been accounted for as appropriate in the financial statements for the financial year beginning 1 September 2023.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company P.S.C.
Consolidated financial statements

Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued)
For the year ended 31 December 2024

31 Corporate tax (continued)

The taxable income of the Group that are in-scope for UAE CT purposes will be subject to the rate of 9% corporate tax.

Note relating to income tax expense/income	2024	2023
Deferred income tax	AED	AED
- Relating to carried forward tax losses for the current period	4,589	-
Total tax income for the year	4,589	-

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax as follows:

	2024	2023
	AED	AED
(Loss) / profit before tax	(32,535)	34,604
Tax at the UAE corporate tax rate of 9% (2023: 0%)	-	-
Deferred tax asset on losses carried forward	4,913	-
Deferred tax expense on unrealised gain on fair valuation of investment properties - P&L	(324)	-
Total tax income for the year - P&L	4,589	-
Deferred tax expense / liability on unrealised gain on fair value of debt instruments - OCI (to be subsequently reclassified to P&L)	(93)	-
Deferred tax expense / liability on unrealised gain on fair valuation of investments - OCI (not to be subsequently reclassified to P&L)	(2,444)	-
Total tax income for the year - OCI	2,537	-

The UAE CT Law provides certain options to the Companies which may be selected by the time of the first filing of the tax return. At the reporting date, the Group has unused tax losses of AED 32,535 (2023: Nil) available for offset against future profits. The Group has concluded that it is probable that such losses would be utilized against future taxable profits. Accordingly, a deferred tax asset has been recognized in P&L amounting to AED 4,589 thousands (2023: Nil) in respect of such losses.

32 Subsequent events

There have been no events subsequent to the consolidated statement of financial position date that would significantly affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2024.

33 Approval of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 March 2025.

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Since 1975

شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

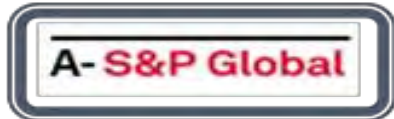
تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984 وتخضع لأحكام قانون تنظيم أعمال التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

GOVERNANCE REPORT OF THE YEAR 2024

Approved by the Board of Directors
In the Board Meeting (01/2025) held on 13/02/2025



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First: Practices of Corporate Governance:

1. Commitment to Governance Principles:

- **AI AIN AHLIA INSURANCE COMPANY** is among the first companies that committed and interacted with the directives of the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates, the Securities and Commodities Authority, and the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange to implement the rules and controls of corporate governance for public shareholding companies (Corporate Governance). The company has expressed its observations on this matter, ultimately supporting all efforts aimed at keeping up with the latest management and ownership methods and applying effective practices for institutional development and modernization to face challenges and achieve growth and stability for economic entities in the country with positive sustainability based on methodological foundations and professional skill that align with the social and economic fabric of the country and its specificities.
- The implementation of the governance rules with its advantages in leading change and restructuring ensures improved performance and continuity, risk reduction, support for responsibility and transparency, and considers the rights of shareholders. This matter is of great interest to the company's board of directors.

2. Implementation of Governance Guide No. (3 / R.M for the year 2020):

- In accordance with the directives of the Securities and Commodities Authority (SCA), the company updated its corporate governance system as per Decision No. (3/R.M) of 2020. Accordingly, the company amended its governance framework by virtue of the Board of Directors' Decision No. (05) dated 23/11/2023.
- In line with its commitment to corporate governance, the Board of Directors, in its meeting held on 19/04/2010, decided to fully adopt the corporate governance system in accordance with Ministerial Resolution No. 518 of 2009.", as well as Ministerial Decision No. 518/2009

3. Application of Governance Rules Issued by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates:

- The company is committed to applying the governance rules accordingly, the company has amended its governance system pursuant to the Board of Directors' decision issued in its session No. (05) on 23/11/2023.
- Additionally, the company adheres to the provisions of Federal Decree-Law No. (48) of 2023 regarding the regulation of insurance activities.

Second: Transactions Securities of Board Members:

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- The Securities and Commodities Authority's rules and resolutions govern the transactions of board members and employees with access to the Company's confidential data, including Article No. (14). Resolution No. (2) of the year 2001 by the Authority's Board of Directors, regarding the system of trading, clearing, settlements, transfer of ownership and custody of securities.
- On the other hand, the Board Members and employees are banned from trading in the shares of the Company, the parent company, subsidiary company, or affiliated company in short-time limits, whether on a daily or a weekly basis. In addition, they are banned from trading in these shares to dilute the rest of the investors and to affect the Company's prices, whether directly or indirectly. They are banned as well from trading in the Company's shares when it comes to their knowledge of any important events or resolutions aimed at affecting the price of the Company's shares. In all cases, the Company's board members, the CEO, the senior executives, or any employee familiar with the Company's material information's shall not transact with the Company's securities, Parent Company, The Subsidiary and Sister or the Affiliate of the Company on his own or on behalf of others, during the following periods:
 - Ten (10) working days prior to the announcement of any material information's unless the information is a result of emergency or sudden events.
 - Fifteen (15) days prior to the end of the quarterly, semi-annual, or annual financial period, until disclosure of the financial statements.

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- **Statement of ownership and transactions in the Company's securities by the board members, their spouses, and their children during 2024:**
- In accordance with the disclosure system and pursuant to Article No. (36) of the disclosure and transparency system issued by the SCA, and in relation to the e Service Notification of Abu Dhabi Securities Market, the stock ownership and trading transactions of the Company's shares by the Board Members and their first-degree relatives for the year 2024 are as follows:

Serial No.	Name	The position/relationship	Shares Owned On 31/12/2024	The Total Sale	The Total Buying
1	MOHAMED JOUAN RASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI	Chairman of Board of Directors	1,397,307.00	-	-
	MOZA AYED JABIR AL MAZROUI (WIFE)	Wife of the Chairman of the Board of Directors	22,380.00	-	-
	AHMED MOHAMED JOUAN RASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI (SON)	Son of the Chairman of the Board of Directors	526,000.00	-	-
	MAHA MOHAMED JOUAN RASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI (DAUGHTER)	Daughter of the Chairman of the Board of Directors	8,730	-	-
2	KHALID MOHAMED JOUAN RASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors	578,216.00	-	-
3	SAEED AHMED OMRAN AL MAZROUI	Member of the Board of Directors	1,015,428	-	-
4	GHAITH HAMMEL BIN KHADIM AL GHAITH AL QUBAIS	Member of the Board of Directors	100.658	-	-
	HAMDA KHALIFA FARAIH AL QUBAIS (MOTHER)	Mother of Mr. Ghaith Hammel Bin Khadim Al Ghaith Al Qubaisi	98.000	-	-
5	Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi (Representative of Al Mamoura Company)		-	-	-
6	Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki (Representative of Al Mamoura Company)				
7.	Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Ali Alnuwais		-	-	-

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Third: Board of Directors Composition:

1. Statement of the current Board of Directors composition according to the categories of its members:

- During the General Assembly of the company held on 23 April 2024, the Board of Directors was re-elected, with the addition of two new members representing the government entity shareholder (Mamoura Diversified Global Holding PJSC), along with one member representing the female quota. The company's Board of Directors currently consists of seven members, elected by the General Assembly, with a three-year term for each member.

Serial No.	Name	Category (EXECUTIVE, NON-EXECUTIVE, AND INDEPENDENT)	Expertise/Qualifications	Category	Duration of Membership (since)	Membership of Board Directors in other joint stock companies	Their positions, in important supervisory, governmental, and business entities
1)	Mr. MOHAMED JOUAN RRASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI	Chairman of Board of Directors NON-EXECUTIVE / NON-INDEPENDENT	- Businessman - Experience in the insurance, banking, and business sectors	Non-executive / non-independent	Since 1976	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chairman of Abu Dhabi National Industrial Projects (ADNIP) previously. Member of the Board of Directors of the National Bank of Abu Dhabi (previously) From 1968 to 2009. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Owner and major shareholder in many real estate, tourism, and oil projects. Founder and owner of Al-Badi Group since 1967. A former member of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of Abu Dhabi.
2)	Mr. KHALID MOHAMED JOUAN RASHED AL BADIE AL DHAERI	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors NON-EXECUTIVE / NON-INDEPENDENT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Businessman Master of Science in Financial Management from George Washington University Experience in insurance, investment banking and projects. 	Non-executive / non-independent /	Since 2006	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secretary of the Board of Directors of the National Bank of Abu Dhabi (formerly) Deputy General Manager of Investment Banking Sector at National Bank of Abu Dhabi (formerly) Head of the Asset Management, Funds and Portfolios Management Group at National Bank of Abu Dhabi (formerly) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member of the Board of Directors of the Abu Dhabi Chamber of Commerce and Industry (formerly) Chairman of the Emirates Insurance Association Chairman of the Executive Council of the Gulf Insurance Federation.

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3)	Dr. GHAITH HAMMEL BIN KHADIM AL GHAITH AL QUBAIS	Member of the Board of Directors NON-EXECUTIVE/ NON-INDEPENDENT	- Businessman - Experienced in the field of investment and real estate - Board Member in Commercial Bank International - CBI	Non-executive / non-independent	Since 2003	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of Al Ghaith Holding. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Member of National Consultative Council of the emirate of Abu Dhabi Board Member of Commercial Bank International CBI Board Member of Abu Dhabi Emiratization Council (formerly)
4)	Mr. SAEED AHMED OMRAN AL MAZROUI	Member of the Board of Directors NON-EXECUTIVE/ INDEPENDENT	- Businessman	Non-executive / Independent	Since 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Businessman 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chairman Of Omran Group
5)	Mr. Saif Ahmed Saif Saqr Al Muhairbi	Member of the Board of Directors NON-EXECUTIVE/ - INDEPENDENT	Bachelor's degree in electronic engineering technology – Higher Colleges of Technology, Abu Dhabi	Non-executive / non-independent	Since 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Senior Vice President – Diversified Assets, UAE Investment Sector in the UAE – Mubadala Investment Company 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Holds board positions at Abu Dhabi Investment Company, Masar Solutions, and MobiServ
6)	Mr. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki	Member NON-EXECUTIVE / INDEPENDENT	Bachelor's degree in accounting – Abu Dhabi University	Non-executive / Independent	Since 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Senior Vice President – Finance, Mubadala Investment Company 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extensive experience in financial markets and capital management Expertise in financial risk assessment and liquidity management
7)	Ms. Shaikha Nasser Mohammed Ali Al Nowais	Member NON-EXECUTIVE/ INDEPENDENT	Bachelor's degree in business administration and finance – Zayed University	Non-executive / Independent	Since 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Executive Vice President – Owner Relations Management, Rotana Hotel Management 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Head of investments at Department of Private Ownership, Abu Dhabi Investment Council Co. Extensive experience in financial management, internal auditing, and owner relations in the hospitality sector

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2. Statement of women's representation in the Board of Directors in 2024:

- Women represent 14.3% of the Board of Directors, with Ms. Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Ali Alnuwais holding the position after being nominated in 2024. The current Board was elected by the General Assembly, with each member serving a three-year term."
- The representation of women on the Board of Directors is **14.3%** (1 out of 7 members), with **Ms. Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Ali Alnuwais** holding the female seat on the Board after being nominated for this position in **2024**.

3. Total Board Members' Remuneration Paid in 2024 for the Fiscal Year 2023, Upon Approval of the General Assembly:

The board members' remuneration was determined based on the provisions of the governance guide and the prevailing Commercial Companies Law at the time of the general assembly's convening and approval on 23/04/2024 to the board's proposal. The board members' remuneration consists of a percentage of the net profit, and in all cases, the remuneration for board members must not exceed 10% of the net profit for the fiscal year ended after deducting depreciation, reserves, and in accordance with the above, the rewards for board members are determined through a proposal or recommendation from the board and submitted to the company's general assembly. In 2024, the total remuneration for board members paid amount to AED 3,844,865, with the chairman receiving AED of AED 1,398,132.73, the vice-chairman receiving AED 699,066.37, and each member receiving AED 349,533.18, (excluding the 5% Value Added Tax).

- **for the Board Committees and** according to the governance rules, the Board members receive AED 4,000 per committee meeting, AED 10,000 for Real Estate & Investment Committee meetings, and AED 8,000 for transportation outside Abu Dhabi.

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4. Statement of the details of allowances for attending the sessions of the committees derived from the BOD, which were paid to the BOD members for the fiscal year 2024:

Committee Meetings Summary for the year 2024	Committee Type				
	Audit	Nomination & Remuneration	Total Risk	Investment	
No. of meetings	8	11	4	26	49
Mr. Khalid Al Badie	20,000.00	60,000.00	12,000.00	348,000.00	440,000.00
Mr. Ghaith Bin Hamel Al Ghaith	-	32,000.00	40,000.00	348,000.00	420,000.00
Mr. Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Al Mehairbi	-	44,000.00	20,000.00	-	64,000.00
Mr. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak AlDarmaki	-	36,000.00	20,000.00	-	56,000.00
Mr. Mohd Abduljabar Alsayegh	20,000.00	32,000.00	12,000.00	56,000.00	120,000.00
Mr. Faisal Jasem Al Khalufi	20,000.00	32,000.00	12,000.00	-	64,000.00
Mr. Saed Ahmed Omran	28,000.00	-	12,000.00	-	40,000.00
Mr. Saad Al Ahbabi	28,000.00	-	-	-	28,000.00
Ms. Shaikha Nasser	28,000.00	-	-	-	28,000.00
Total	144,000.00	236,000.00	128,000.00	752,000.00	1,260,000.00

- The Board Member did not receive in 2024 any additional allowances, salaries, or fees other than the allowances for attending the committees.

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5. Statement of the number of meetings of the Board of Directors for the year 2024, their dates and number of attendances:

- The Board of Directors of AL AIN AHLIA INSURANCE COMPANY held the number of (8) meetings over the past year, in the following details:

SN	Date of the meeting	No of Attendees	Number of Attendance by Proxy	Name of Absent Members
1	2024/02/14	6	None	Dr. Ghaith Hamel Al Ghaith Al Qubaisi apologized for not attending
2	2024/03/28	7	None	
3	2024/04/25	7	None	
4	2024/05/13	7	None	
5	2024/07/18	7	None	
6	2024/08/14	7	None	
7	2024/09/12	7	None	
8	2024/11/14	6	None	Mr. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki apologized for not attending.

6. Number of board resolutions passed during the 2024 fiscal year along with its meeting convention dates:

- No passing decisions were issued.

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7. Statement of the tasks and functions delegated by the Board of Directors to Executive Management during the 2024 fiscal year:

- In addition to the powers provided under the provisions of Articles (27) and (28) of the company's articles of association, concerning managing the company's operations, defending its rights, representing it before others, appointing lawyers, and appealing judgments, Mr. Mohd Mazhar Hamadeh, the General Manager of the company, is authorized to sign on behalf of the company in all administrative, technical, and legal transactions. He has the right to delegate the authority to sign on all or some of the delegated tasks to others. He also has the right to hire and dismiss employees, determine their salaries and allowances, promote them, transfer them, establish disciplinary rules, and carry out all actions required for managing the company according to its purposes.

Authorized Person	Authorization validity
Mohd. Mazhar Hamadeh	Administrative powers and signature on behalf of the company until 20/08/2026

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8. Statement of the details of transactions made with the related parties (stakeholders) during 2024:

Table of related parties' transactions for the year 2024		بيان بتفاصيل التعاملات التي تمت مع الأطراف ذات العلاقة خلال العام 2024:		
S No	Name English	قسط التأمين بالدرهم Insurance Premium (AED)	الاسم باللغة العربية	الرقم
1	Mohamed Jouan Rashed Albadi Aldhaheri	1,617.00	محمد جوعان راشد البادي الظاهري	1
2	Khaled Mohamed Jouan Albadi Aldhaheri		خالد محمد جوعان راشد البادي الظاهري	2
3	Ghaith Hammel Khadim Alghaith Alqubaisi	65,364.00	غيث هامل خادم آل غيث القبسي	3
4	Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei		سعيد أحمد عمران المزروعي	4
5	Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi	-	سيف أحمد سيف صقر المحيربي	5
6	Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki	-	عبدالله مبارك عبدالله مبارك الدرمني	6
7	Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Ali Alnuwais	-	شيخة ناصر محمد علي النويس	7

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9. Corporate Structure:



شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين
Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Co.

Organization Chart



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10. Statement of Total salaries and bonuses paid to the executive management in the year 2024:

SR	Designation	D.O.J.	Total Salaries Expenses Paid for The Year 2024 (AED)	Total Bonuses Paid in the year 2024 (AED)	Other cash / in-kind rewards for the year 2024 (AED)
1.	C.E.O	20/03/1976			
2.	Manager- Motor Claims	30/07/1994			
3.	Dubai Branch Manager	15/01/1995			
4.	Al Ain Branch Manager	01/02/1997			
5.	PR & Purchase	04/03/2000			
6.	Sharjah Branch Manager	29/04/2002			
7.	Manager-Accounts Dept	01/05/2007			
8.	HR Manager	27/05/2007			
9.	Manager-FGA Dept	17/06/2007			
10.	Head Of Internal Audit	01/03/2010			
11.	Manager- AML & Compliance	16/11/2014			
12.	Manager - Medical Dept	04/07/2018			
13.	Head of Legal	13/12/2020			
14.	Manager - Non-Motor Claims	04/04/2022			
15.	Head of Reinsurance	01/08/2022			
16.	Manager - Marine Dept	09/08/2022			
17.	Chief Operating Officer	16/04/2024			
18.	Chief Underwriting Officer	28/05/2024			
	Total		14,473,470		

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Fourth: External Auditors' Fees: Grant Thornton

• Summary of Grant Thornton:

- The external audit company is independent of the company and the board of directors. The auditors perform the audit work, verifying the accuracy of the financial statements and monitoring the company's accounts for the fiscal year in which it was appointed. To perform its mission, the auditors have the right to review all the company's books, records, and documents at all times and to request data and clarifications that it sees fit. It is necessary to obtain it and to verify the company's assets and obligations.
- Grant Thornton is one of the world's leading independent audit, tax, and advisory firms.
- The Grant Thornton companies operate in more than 130 countries and have approximately more than 58,000 employees.
- Grant Thornton is one of the leading business advisors helping critical organizations unleash their growth potential. Its brand is also recognized on a global level as one of the major global accounting organizations.
- Grant Thornton Company has extensive experience in the field of audit, tax, and consulting services, which made it qualified to provide clients with a series of consultations through its services. The company has won many international awards.
- The external auditor shall attend the General Assembly meeting and verify the procedures followed in calling for that meeting. He shall express his opinion on the Company's budget and on any irregularities that may have occurred during the fiscal year regarding the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association or the Companies Law or the resolutions of the General Assembly.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

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Since 1975

شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984 وتخضع لأحكام قانون تنظيم أعمال التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

- **Auditors Fees:** Grant Thornton took over the Company's external audit of the year 2021, which was selected in accordance with the shareholders' resolution at the meeting of the General Assembly in 2021, Where renewed to them at the General Assembly meeting in 2022, 2023, and the General Assembly meeting in 2024, their annual fees AED 495,000 and the same amount for the third quarter.

Name Of Audit Office	Grant Thornton
Partner Auditor Mohamed Aly Partner Audit, Grant Thornton - United Arab Emirates Box 41255, Al Kamala Tower, Office No. 1101, 11th Floor, Zayed the 1st Street, Khalidiya, Abu Dhabi T +971 2 666 9750 M E mohamed.aly@ae.gt.com	
Number of years served as an external auditor for the Company	4 Years
Annual Fees	230,500.00
1st Quarter audit fee	88,166.66
2nd Quarter audit fee	88,166.67
3rd Quarter audit fee	88,166.67
Total fees for the auditing of the financial statements of 2024 (in AED)	495,000.00

- **A statement of the reservations made by the company's external auditor in the interim and annual financial statements for 2024.**
 - No reservations were made by the company's auditor.

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Fifth: Statement of Board Committees:

1. Audit Committee

- **Mr. Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei**, Audit Committee Chairman's acknowledges his responsibility for the Committee policy in the company, review of its work mechanism and ensuring its effectiveness.
- The purpose of this committee is to support the role of the Board of Directors in its responsibilities to represent shareholders in relation to the audit of financial information and corporate governance matters on a regular basis to ensure the effective use of available resources. As well as the supervision and follow-up of the independence of the external auditor, the objectivity, and the review of internal audit systems

The Audit Committee consists of the following Excellences:

Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei

Shaikha Nasser Mohamed Ali Alnuwais

Mohammed Saad Al Ahababi

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Member

- The committee carries out all the duties and responsibilities stipulated in **Article 61** of the **Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority's Decision No. (3/R.M)** of the year 2020. **The Audit Committee held (8) meetings in the presence of all its members during 2024 with the following dates:**

Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date
1	2024/01/26	5	2024/07/12
2	2024/02/13	6	2024/08/14
3	2024/02/23	7	2024/10/23
4	2024/05/13	8	2024/11/14

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2. Nomination & Remuneration Committee:

- **Mr. Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi**, Nomination & Remuneration Committee Chairman's acknowledges his responsibility for the Committee policy in the company, review of its work mechanism and ensuring its effectiveness.
- The main purpose of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is to define policies and criteria of the Board of Directors elections, in addition to periodic review of the capabilities and skills required in the Board, the preparation of human resource policies and training. Ensuring the independence of independent members and ensuring that there are no conflicts of interest in the membership of the Boards of Directors and other companies, as well as determining compensation and bonus policies for Board members and senior executives.

• The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of the following excellence:

Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi

Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki

Khaled Mohamed Jouan Albadi Aldhaheri

Chairman

Vice Chairman

Member

- The Committee shall carry out all the specialties and tasks stipulated in Article No. (59) of the Resolution No. (3/R.M) of the year 2020 of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority.
- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee held (11) meetings in the presence of all its members during 2024 with the following dates:

Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date
1	2024/01/26	5	2024/04/25	9	2024/08/21
2	2024/02/14	6	2024/05/13	10	2024/10/16
3	2024/03/06	7	2024/07/12	11	2024/11/01
4	2024/03/22	8	2024/08/14		

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3. Risk Committee:

- **Mr. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki** the Chairman of the Risk Committee acknowledges his responsibility for the company's Risk Committee Guidance, its operational mechanism review, and ensuring its effectiveness.
- The Risk Committee was formed by the Board' decision No. (144) on 28/02/2021. The main purpose of the Risk Committee is to develop comprehensive strategies and policies for risk management that are consistent with the nature and size of the company's activities, to monitor their implementation, and to review and update them based on the changing internal and external factors affecting the company. It aims to maintain an acceptable level of risks that the company may face, ensuring that the company does not exceed this level. The committee oversees the company's risk management framework and evaluates the effectiveness of the framework and mechanisms for identifying and monitoring risks. It provides guidance to management, as needed; to help improve its risk management practices and/or mitigate certain risks. The committee also seeks assurance from executive management and internal audit that risk processes and systems operate effectively with appropriate controls and adherence to approved policies, in addition to having periodic reports on the company's risks.

• The Risk Committee consists of the following excellence:

Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla Mubarak Aldarmaki
Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi
Ghaith Hammel Al Ghaith Al Qubaisi

Chairman
Vice Chairman
Member

- The Committee shall carry out all the specialties and tasks stipulated in Article No. (59) of the Resolution No. (3/R.M) of the year 2020 of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority.
- The membership of the Risk Committee was amended by the Board of Directors in compliance with governance decisions and the requirement that the majority of the committee members be independent, and that the chairman of the committee be among the independent members. The committee was restructured in accordance with the schedule outlined below. Risk Committee held (8) meetings in the presence of all its members during 2024 on the following dates:

Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date
1	2024/11/26	3	12/07/2024
2	2024/05/13	4	13/05/2024

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Since 1975

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4. Investment Committee:

- Mr. Khaled Mohamed Jouan Al Badie Al Dhaheeri, Investment Committee Chairman's acknowledges his responsibility for the Committee guidance in the company, review of its work mechanism and ensuring its effectiveness.
- The Board formed the Investment Committee by the diction Board of Director No. (73) dated 15/04/2007 in order to devise and observe the investment strategy as intended and submitted suggestion on different investment field without canceling its powers or the authority of the Chairman of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and resolutions of the General Assembly.
- Based on the investment committee policy approved by the Board of Directors on 23/11/2023, the name of the Real Estate and Investment Committee was changed to the Investment Committee.

- and Investment Committee consists of the following Excellency's:

KHALED MOHAMED AL BADIE AL DHAHERI
GHAITH HAMMEL AL GHAITH AL QUBAISI
MOHD MAZHAR HAMADEH

Chairman
Vice Chairman
Member

- The Investment Committee held (26) meetings in the presence of all its members during 2024 with the following dates:

Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date	Meeting No.	Date
1	2024/01/26	10	2024/06/13	19	2024/10/16
2	2024/02/13	11	2024/07/12	20	2024/10/18
3	2024/02/23	12	30/07/2024	21	2024/10/21
4	2024/03/22	13	2024/08/14	22	2024/10/29
5	2024/05/13	14	2024/08/21	23	/11/252024
6	2024/05/23	15	2024/08/22	24	2024/11/26
7	2024/05/27	16	2024/08/28	25	2024/11/29
8	2024/05/30	17	2024/09/02	26	2024/12/31
9	2024/05/31	18	2024/10/14		

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تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة
1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984
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التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

Sixth: Committee of follow-up and supervision on the transactions of Insiders:

- Pursuant to Article No. (33) of the Resolution No. (3/R.M) of the year 2020 of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority, in relation to the criteria of institutional discipline and the governance of public joint stock companies. On 14/06/2016, a committee was formed to assume responsibility for managing, following up and supervising the transactions of Insiders and their properties, and maintaining a register for them.

Whereas the committee consists of:

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| • Mr. Yaser Ibrahim Hmedan | Board Secretary & Board General Counsel |
| • Mr. Hassan Hossam Al Sayed | Manager of the Internal Audit Department |
| • Mr. Mohammad Kashif Khan | Finance Manager |

Mr. Yaser Ibrahim Hmedan, Hassan Hossam Al Sayed, and Mohammad Kashif Khan, in their capacity as the designated officials responsible for the monitoring and supervision system of insider transactions within the company, acknowledge their review of its operational mechanism and their assurance of its effectiveness.

The committee held its first meeting on 15/05/2024 to identify insiders, and the market was provided with the list of insiders. Another meeting was held on 09/10/2024 to further assess insider identification, and an updated list was submitted to the market. Additionally, the committee reviewed the Securities and Commodities Authority (SCA) circular issued on 28/11/2024 concerning insider trading during blackout periods and the necessary actions to be taken.

Seventh: Internal Audit System:

1. The Company's Internal Audit Department exercises its roles in accordance with the provisions of Article No. (55) of the Resolution No. (3/R.M) of the year 2020 of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority. Consequently, it has sufficient independence to perform its roles and is directly

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Since 1975

شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

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subordinate to the Board of Directors, who acknowledge its responsibility for the Internal Audit System, its audit, and its effectiveness.

2. Mr. Hassan Hossam Al Sayed has been the Director of the Internal Audit Department since 2010. He has accounting and management experience in a number of companies in addition to working as an external auditor in the Kingdom of Bahrain.
3. The Company adopts the application of international standards of internal audit in order to achieve the required purposes efficiently and with less economical cost, in relation to the basics of internal audit to ensure the following:
 - 3.1. Plausibility and compatibility of information and data.
 - 3.2. The extent of compliance with policies, plans, procedures, regulations, laws, and instructions.
 - 3.3. The extent of the protection of the Company's assets and properties.
 - 3.4. The extent to which activities, processes and programs are aligned with the specified strategic purposes and objectives, and to ensure the application of these activities, processes, and programs by the supervisory bodies according to the specified plans and objectives.
 - 3.5. Emphasizing preventive control, intended towards desired achievements and encourages the repetition of its performance, in order to prevent undesired events and correct improper actions.
 - 3.6. Emphasizing the soundness and efficiency of the internal control elements, which are: (the supervisory body, risk assessment, internal control activities, information and communications, oversight, and inspection).
4. The Internal Audit Department, represented by the Internal Audit Director, prepares the following:
 - 4.1. Annual Internal Audit in coordination with the Audit Committee and the managers of the relevant departments or heads of other departments affiliated with the company.

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- 4.2. Executing the approved internal audit plan as well as executing any other special tasks or projects requested by the Board of Directors.
5. The Manager of the Internal Audit Department shall submit detailed reports to the Audit Committee and then to the Board of Directors on the evaluation of the internal control system, on a regular basis and when necessary and at any time, in accordance with the requirements of such evaluation to provide feedback and make suggestions to fill the gaps in the internal control system.
6. In 2024, the Company did not face any major problems to be dealt with by the Internal audit Department, which in case of occurrence; the Internal audit Department will deal with them properly and according to the nature of the problem, which may differ from one another in its causes and components. In addition, submitting reports with facts and solutions to the Board of Directors.
7. Four reports were issued by the Internal Audit Department to the Board of Directors for the Year 2024.

Eighth: Compliance Officer

- Mr. Mohamed Elnikhely has been appointed as the Compliance Officer pursuant to the Board of Directors' decision issued in session No. (08/2024) on 14/08/2024. He is responsible for ensuring the company's and its employees' compliance with the laws, regulations, decisions, and issued directives.

Ninth: Code of Conduct:

- The company applies the system prepared for the rules of code of conduct for the Board of Directors, senior management, and employees, as well as the guidelines provided by the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates for code of conduct. As part of a wide range of procedures and practices in compliance with all applicable legislation and local customs, the company adheres to general principles of professional ethics.

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Since 1975

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Tenth: Corporate Social Responsibility:

NA

Eleventh: General Information:

1. A statement of the Company's share price on the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange (closing price, highest price, and lowest price) at the end of each month during the fiscal year 2024

Month	High (52)	Low (52)	Close
Jan-2024	37.000	33.500	36.000
Feb-2024	37.000	32.000	32.000
Mar-2024	37.000	32.000	32.000
Apr-2024	37.000	32.000	32.000
May-2024	37.000	28.800	28.800
Jun-2024	37.000	28.800	30.000
Jul-2024	37.000	28.800	30.000
Aug-2024	36.000	28.800	29.000
Sep-2024	32.500	28.000	28.100
Oct-2024	32.500	28.000	28.100
Nov-2024	32.500	26.000	29.000
Dec-2024	32.500	26.000	32.000

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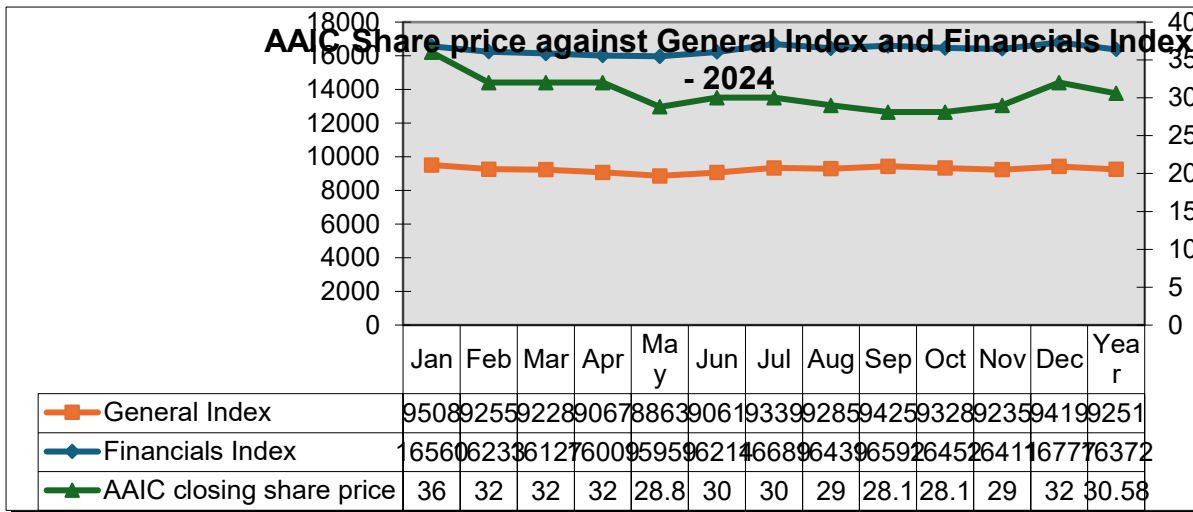


Since 1975

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2. A statement of the comparative performance of the Company's shares with the general market index and the sector index to which the company belongs during the year 2024.



Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

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3. Distribution of Ownership of Equity (Individuals, Companies and Governments) on 31/12/2024, categorized as follows:

Distribution of ownership of equity (Govt, Companies, Individuals) as at 31-12-2024

بيان بتوزيع ملكية المساهمين كما في 2024-12-31 (أفراد وشركات وحكومات) مصنفة على النحو التالي محلي وخليجي وعربي وأجنبي

Geographic Location	مؤسسات عامة Government			شركات Companies			أفراد Individuals			المجموع Total		
	عدد المساهمين No. of Shareholders	(الملكية) سهم Ownership (share)	%	عدد المساهمين No. of Shareholders	(الملكية) سهم Ownership (share)	%	عدد المساهمين No. of Shareholders	(الملكية) سهم Ownership (share)	%	عدد المساهمين No. of Shareholders	(الملكية) سهم Ownership (share)	%
	UAE	-	-	-	11	4,277,548	28.5	166	10,722,452.00	71.5	177	15,000,000
GCC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ARAB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FOREIGN	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

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4. A Statement of shareholders who own 5% or more of total capital of the company as at 31-12-2024

Statement of shareholders who own 5% or more of total capital of the company as at 31-12-2024

Name (Eng)	%	No. of Shares	الاسم
Al Maamoura Diversified Global Holding Company	19.703	2,955,450	شركة المعمورة دايفيرسيفايد جلوبال هولدينغ ش م ع
Mohamed Jouan Rashed Albadie Aldhaheri	9.315	1,397,307	محمد جوعان راشد البادي الظاهري
Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei	6.7690	1,015,428	سعيد أحمد عمران المزروعى
Total	35.787	5,368,185	المجموع

5. Distribution of ownership of equity as at 31/12/2024:

Distribution of ownership of equity as at 31-12-2024

بيان بتوزيع ملكية المساهمين كما في 2024-12-31

No. of shares ranging from and to	No. of shareholder	Total No. of shares	Percentage of total No. of shares
< 50,000	127	1,720,803	11.47%
50,000 - <500,000	43	5,930,939	39.54%
500,000 - <5000,000	7	7,348,258	48.99%
5,000,000 & above	0	0	0.00%
TOTAL	177	15,000,000	100.00%

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تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984 وتخضع لأحكام قانون تنظيم أعمال التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

6. Controls of Investors Relationship:

- In 2015, in accordance with the requirements of the governance controls, the Company nominated a person who follow up the Investor relationship work which is now follow up by Mr. Khalid Walid Al Omari, to assume all tasks related to managing the Investors Relationship, in addition to creating a tab on the Company's website.

<https://alaininsurance.com/live/investor-relations/investor-relations-section> •

- For the Investors Relationship, noting that the contact data are as follows:

Company's Telephone No.	:	02/6119999
Mobile No.	:	050/4959501
Fax No.	:	02/4456685
Email of the authorized person	:	Khalid.omari@alaininsurance.com

7. Special Resolutions that were presented in the 202General Assembly:

- The shareholders, by special resolution, approved amendments to several articles of the company's Articles of Association, including Articles (1), (16), (22), (25), (26), (34), (45), (49), (57), (66), (73), (74), and (75). These amendments align with Federal Decree-Law No. (32) of 2021 concerning Commercial Companies and reinforce the company's commitment to corporate governance principles. The resolution was unanimously approved with 100% shareholder consent, subject to obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals.

8. The Name of the Board Secretary and the Date of his appointment:

- Mr. Yaser Ibrahim Hmedan has assumed the role of Board Secretary at Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company starting from September 1, 2020. A lawyer and legal advisor since 1993, he has extensive expertise in company and insurance laws, governance, and commercial law. His expertise also extends to the operations of boards of directors and joint-stock companies, a result of his diverse work with various local, Arab, and international entities.
- The Board Secretary diligently oversees all legal and administrative duties related to the Board of Directors and its subcommittees, maintaining complete independence from any executive management functions, under the supervision of the Board of Directors. Among the Board Secretary's key responsibilities are preparing meetings,

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notifying members of schedules, and providing them with updates and new developments in corporate governance and company laws. The Board Secretary also serves as the primary point of contact for all board members, responsible for drafting minutes, organizing disclosure records, documenting board resolutions, and ensuring the proper segregation of roles between the Board of Directors and executive management to uphold decision-making independence and prevent conflicts of interest. Furthermore, the Board Secretary plays a pivotal role in reinforcing the principles of sound corporate governance within the company.

- The Board Secretary supervises the company's compliance with applicable legislation and regulations, updates internal policies, and develops them to ensure the implementation of best practices in coordination with control functions, especially internal audit, compliance, and risk management. He also works to strengthen the relationship between the board of directors, shareholders, and other stakeholders, contributing to the overall performance improvement of the company and increasing the confidence of shareholders and investors.

9. Highlights of the Company's significant events during the year 2024:

- The Company did not encounter any significant events during 2024.

10. A statement of the deals carried out by the company that is equal to 5% or more of the company's capital during the year 2024.

- There are no deals carried out by the company that are equal to 5% or more of the company's capital during the year 2024.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

Incorporated in Abu Dhabi by Law (18) of the year 1975, and Under Registration No. 3 dated 8/8/1984 And Subject to the Provisions of the Insurance Laws and Regulations Paid Capital AED 150,000,000



Since 1975

شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984 وتخضع لأحكام قانون تنظيم أعمال التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

11. Statement of the Emiratization percentage in the Company at the end of 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024.

- The percentage of Emiratization at the Company reached.

2021	15.00%
2022	18.00%
2023	23.00%
2024	20.00%

12. Statement of projects and innovative projects and initiatives carried out by the Company or being developed during 2024:

- During 2024, the company focused on enhancing the issuance of the new insurance product document for life insurance, "Family and School Care Package.

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

Incorporated in Abu Dhabi by Law (18) of the year 1975, and Under Registration No. 3 dated 8/8/1984 And Subject to the Provisions of the Insurance Laws and Regulations Paid Capital AED 150,000,000

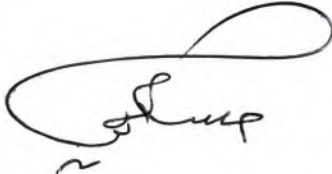





Since 1975

شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين

تأسست في أبو ظبي بموجب القانون رقم (18) لسنة 1975 ومسجلة تحت رقم 3 في 8/8/1984 وتخضع لأحكام قانون تنظيم أعمال التأمين رأس المال المدفوع 150,000,000 درهم

The Governance Report signed on 13/02/2025:

Internal Audit Department Manager	Chairman of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee	Chairman of the Audit Committee	Chairman Of the Board of Director
			
Hassan Housam Al Sayed	Saif Ahmed Saif Saqer Almehairbi	Saeed Ahmed Omran Almazrouei	Mohamed Jouan Rashed Al Badie Al Dhaeri





AAIC 2024 ESG Report

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

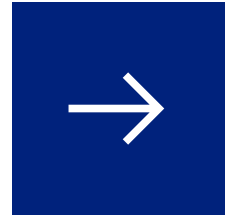


شركة العين الأهلية للتأمين
Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company

ESGSUSTAINABILITY2024



CONTENT



01 AAIC 2024 ESG Report
About the Report

02 2
Introduction

03
Governance

04
Audit & Compliance

05
Socially
Responsible

06
Human Resource

07
Fundamentals of
Cyber

08
Digitalization

09
Environmental
Impact



ABOUT THE REPORT



We are delighted to present our Company Sustainability Report for the year 2024. In this report, we intend to demonstrate AAIC's commitment to sustainable development and progress. Also, we would like to express our support for ADX's initiative to drive sustainability and the Abu Dhabi Economic Vision for the upcoming years. Through all of its activities in the insurance space, this report highlights AAIC's national and global efforts to adopt sustainable operations. In this report, the AAIC strives to demonstrate the highest levels of integrity and competency.



INTRODUCTION



ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024

AAIC 2024 ESG Report

4



Environment



Social



Governance



COMPANY OVERVIEW

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company (PSC) always strives and seeks to maintain the pioneering approach in sustainability and to ensure its integration with the company's business and assure its application at all levels in accordance with the instructions of the Concerned Authorities, in addition to encourage the concerned and relevant parties to follow the approved mechanisms for creating added value in sustainability through the various fields of the company's businesses

AAIC 2024 ESG Report



Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company exerts vigorous and deliberate efforts to develop the sustainability culture and create a state of comprehensive, integrated and transparent dialogue towards consolidating the sustainability principle.

Issuing the Sustainability Report of 2024 is a continuation of the efforts and initiatives of Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange with the specialized Authorities in the State for adopting, supporting and promoting the best sustainability practices in Public Joint Stock Companies in accordance with the environmental, social standards ESG and in line with the Governance Guide issued by the Decision of His Excellency the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Securities and Commodities Authority No. (3 / R.M of 2020) regarding the Governance Guide for Public Joint Stock Companies Governance Instructions and Standards for Insurance Companies Issued by Circular No. 24 of 2022 of the Central Bank



Since 1975

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company was established in Abu Dhabi under Law No. 18 of 1975 and registered as No. 3 in the Insurance Companies Register at the UAE Central Bank – Insurance Sector. Approximately 20% of the company's shares are owned by the Abu Dhabi government, represented by Mamoura Diversified Global Holding, fully owned by Mubadala Investment Company. The company began underwriting in 1976 with a paid-up capital of AED 5,000,000.

The shareholders of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance are well-known UAE nationals, with the Abu Dhabi government holding the largest share of the equity. As a result, the company benefits from the privilege of underwriting governmental and related businesses in Abu Dhabi, as detailed in Circular No. (21) dated 06/12/1975 issued by the Executive Council of the Emirate of Abu Dhabi.

The current paid-up capital of the company is AED 150,000,000, with general reserves amounting to AED 600,000,000, technical reserves amounting to AED 75,000,000, and total assets of AED 3 billion.

The company is ranked among the leading insurance companies in the region, having established excellent relationships with global markets. It enjoys top-tier security and undertakes all classes of business, including energy, property, and casualty, across a wide range of areas in Abu Dhabi and abroad.

The company is renowned for its meticulous underwriting philosophy and has gained an excellent reputation for executing profitable businesses and maintaining strong relationships with reinsurance providers worldwide.





AAIC 2024 ESG Report

7

MISSION

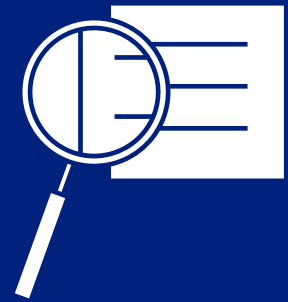
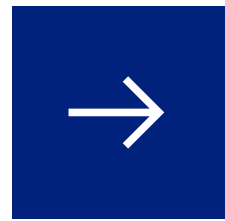
To provide financial security and protection to customers through quality insurance products with a focus on providing excellent personal service, claims handling and diligent underwriting of risks.

VISION

To experience increased growth and set industry standards of excellence. We aim to exceed customer expectations through continuous innovation and become the nation's first choice for insurance services



OUR OBJECTIVE



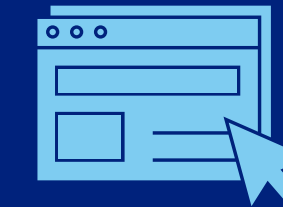
The efforts of Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company are always focused on maintaining its pioneering role through its permanent and continuous cooperation with all Insurance Companies operating, within the Insurance Market in the State or companies that operate in the rest of the regional, Arab & international markets.



The company also seeks the optimal application of the governance rules and compliance with the laws, regulations and decisions issued by the concerned Authorities, particularly the UAE Central Bank, the Securities and Commodities Authority and Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange.



The company also seeks to strength the teamwork between the various Insurance Companies in the State through its continuous cooperation in the Emirates Insurance Association.



The company was keen during the year 2024 to provide a healthy and safe work environment



GOVERNANCE

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024





COMPANY'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS & CEO



**H.E. Mohamed Jouan
Rashed Albadi Aldhaheri
Chairman**

AAIC 2024 ESG Report



**H.E. Khaled Mohamed
Jouan Albadi Aldhaheri
Vice Chairman**

10



**H.E. Ghaith Hammel
Khadim Alghaith Alqubaisi
Board Member**



**H.E. Saeed Ahmed OmranAlmazroui
Board Member**



**H.E. Saif Ahmed Al Mehairbi
Board Member**



**H.E. Abdulla Mubarak Abdulla
Aldarmaki
Board Member**



**H.E. Shaikha Nasser
Moahmed Al Nowais
Board Member**



**H.E. Mohammed Mazhar Hamadeh
CEO**



INDEPENDENCE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The company's Board of Directors consists of seven members who are citizens of the United Arab Emirates. Most of them are independents.

There is a complete separation between the Board of Directors and the executive management of the company, as the Chairman and the members of the Board do not engage in or perform any executive management functions.

The Board of Directors has an independent Secretary, who is not a member of the Board and is not affiliated with the executive management. The Secretary is appointed by the Board of Directors and reports directly to the Board, ensuring complete independence and supporting the Secretary in performing their duties with utmost impartiality.



AAIC 2024 ESG Report

11



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GOVERNANCE AND INSTITUTIONAL DISCIPLINE RULES

1 In 2024, the company has updated its articles of association to be in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Law and its amendments. The new article association allow The minimum requirement for women's representation on the Board of Directors was achieved with one seat from a female UAE national with experience in the business and insurance sector.

2 The General Assembly of the Company appoints an independent auditor who presents his report and financial statements independently in the meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors. They are disclosed according to the rules and principles followed and applied to the Public Joint Stock Companies

3 The company follows and applies the Corporate Governance Rules for Public Joint Stock Companies

4 The Audit Committee, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Risk Committee emanate from the Board of Directors of the Company

5 The company has a specialized Internal Audit Department that is directly headed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors

6 In line with the updated Governance rules, the company has reviewed its policies, especially the policy of nominations and remuneration, and AML policy and procedures

7 The Company's governance policy and rules are frequently updated to take into account evolving regulatory requirements, challenges, technologies, global events, and stakeholder expectations

8 The company's and management's strategic plans for the next few years will focus on improving the working environment in all its offices and branches throughout the UAE

9 The Company will focus on exploring any social initiatives that will be valuable to the local community.

10 The company discloses its General Assembly meetings and core and essential events when they occur

AAIC 2024 ESG Report



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WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY



01

Following the updated Governance Regulations, AAIC implemented a Whistleblower Policy that provides employees, contractors, and stakeholders with the opportunity to report concerns or suspicions of unethical or illegal activities without fear of retaliation.

02

A culture of integrity is promoted within the Company through the promotion of transparency, accountability, and a culture of integrity.



OUR RATINGS



AAIC 2024 ESG Report

In-Country Value (ICV) Certificate
Rating: 67.30%

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company participated in the National In Country Value Program (ICV) aims to enable the Ministry of Industry & Advanced Technology to improve the performance and sustainability of the industrial sector. We are always proud to keep up the latest industry trends to boost the domestic economy



S&P A-

According to S&P global rating Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company is among the top performers in the UAE insurance market continues its efforts to expand and diversify its portfolio in the UAE and wider Middle East.



Moody's A3 Rating

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company's financial strength rating reflects the company's strong market position and brand, as top five insurer in the UAE insurance market.



PRESERVING VALUES & PROMOTING INNOVATION

Our vision in Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company as a pioneering national company has always guided to exert efforts in sustainability by embodying the values of cooperation, love, harmony and development that characterize the United Arab Emirates Society and the established values that also form the foundations on which all our activities are based

Our initiatives in the company started from investing in our employees and enhancing their insurance and practical knowledge, and through our fruitful and transparent cooperation with all our customers, which allowed enhancing the experience, setting solid rules and building a strong reputation in the customer service field and meeting their requests and requirements.

The Company has followed an approach to encourage innovation, promote the principle of entrepreneurship, and apply best practices that are socially and environmentally responsible.



Since 1975



AUDIT & COMPLIANCE

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024





AUDITING PROCEDURES

By conducting an internal audit of the internal divisions and internal departments based on the annual plan, the internal audit identifies the risks and their significance. Through the internal audit reports, the internal audit function makes recommendations for risk management that are discussed with the audit and senior management committee. Moreover, Further, our data is analyzed and detailed reports are generated.



RISK MANAGEMENT

Ensuring that AAIC remains resilient and adaptable to environmental, social, and governance (ESG) challenges while driving long-term value for stakeholders by embedding sustainability considerations into our risk management framework.



OBJECTIVES OF GOVERNANCE & COMPLIANCE

- The governance and compliance function.
- ESG risk integration in a comprehensive manner.
- Employee Training and Capacity Building.
- A transparent reporting processes.
- The importance of stakeholder engagement
- Resilience to climate change.
- The concept of social inclusion.
- Sustainable and green product innovation.
- The collaborative approach.
- The continuous improvement processes



AAIC 2024 ESG Report

18



COMPLIANCE MANAGEMENT

01 KEY ELEMENTS

AAIC is committed to complying with all applicable environmental regulations because we recognize our responsibility to protect the environment. By utilizing responsible management practices and continuous improvement, AAIC aim to minimize our environmental impact



02 KEY ELEMENTS

The company and the management strategic plans for the coming years are on focus of better healthy working environment in the all offices and branches across UAE

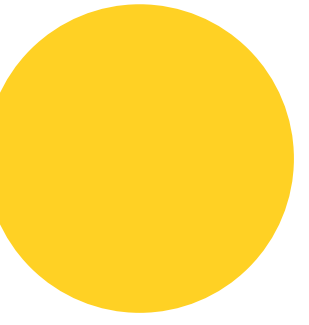




SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024





OUR SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH 01



Our sustainability approach does not always stop evolving, which allows us to continue to reinforce our responsibility, supervise our various capital flows and understand the interlinkages between what is best, in addition to our support in consolidating a comprehensive and integrated approach towards its various groups in terms of the decision-making and practices, and keeping our concentration focused on creating value in the short, medium and long term

02 This report represents an important part of our relentless efforts to open and transparent communication with relevant and concerned parties internally and externally, as well as being part of our internal measures to monitor operations and ensure full harmony between our operations and practices on the one hand, and our strategic vision on the other hand

03 The company is committed to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS 17) approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and to publish them in accordance with the Regulatory Requirements of the Securities and Commodities Authority in the United Arab Emirates.



CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

01

The company abides by its social responsibility by balancing its main businesses with the needs of the society, in which the company operates, and undertaking the management of social responsibility permanently.

02

The company has undertaken many initiatives, including providing financial or moral support to specific groups of society and providing contributions in some community activities.

03

The company also participated in the launching session of special label standards for gender balance for the Private Sector, which was the outcome of the Government Accelerator Team



Since 1975



DONATION OR CHARITY

AAIC consider that the donations and charity are playing an important role in corporate social responsibility and individual philanthropy. This is done by channeling resources towards social, environmental, educational, and health-related causes. As a result, AAIC participates in a wide variety of social activities and supports throughout the year.



Since 1975



Tree Plantation

TREE PLANTATION

Participated in the Tree planting event hosted by Emirates Environmental Group in Ras Al Khaimah on 17/12/2024 in support of environmental conservation to make positive impact on our environment



Since 1975

HUMAN RESOURCE

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024



ELECTRONIC SYSTEM & REMOTELY WORKING

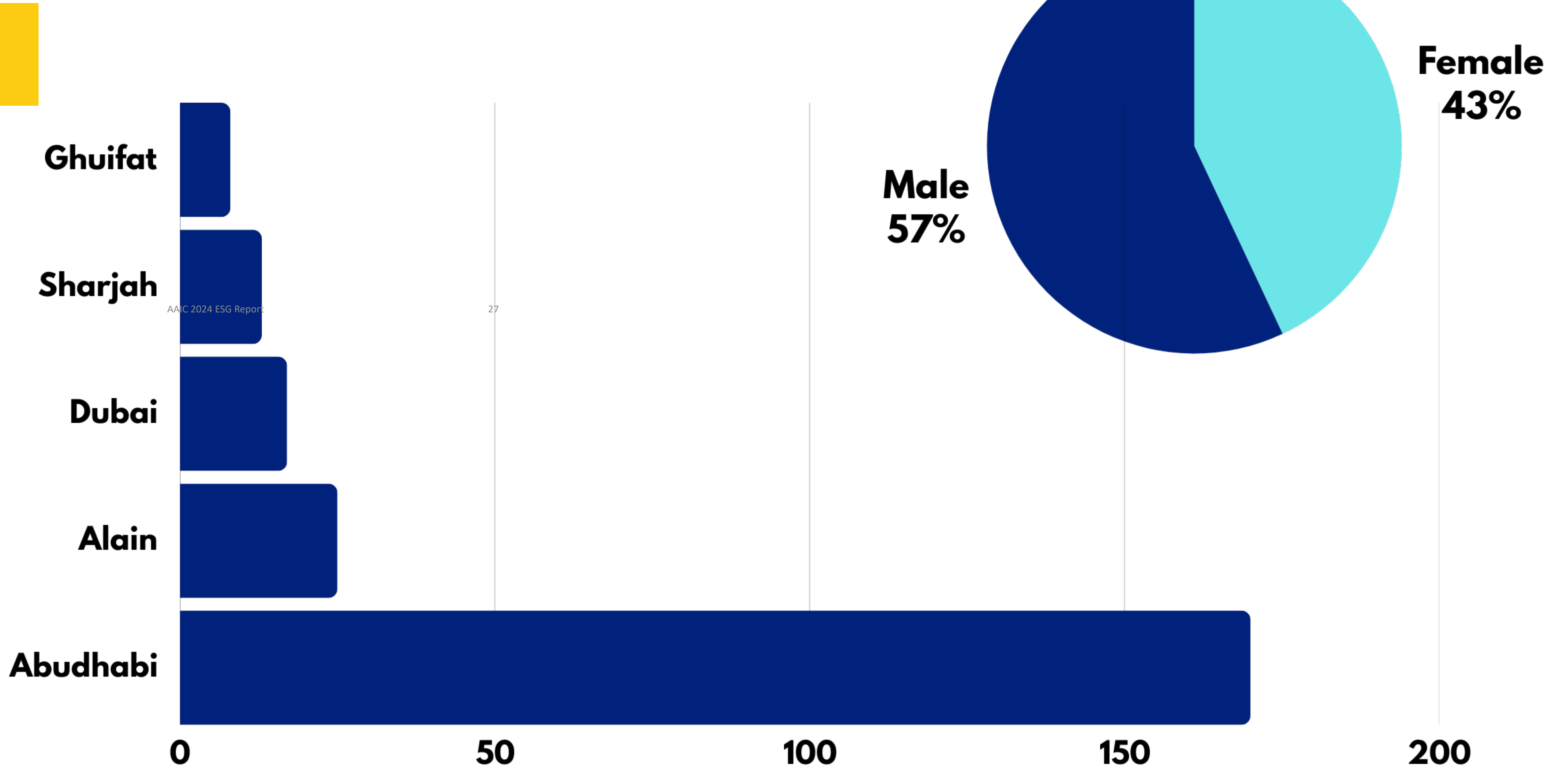
- 01 The company developed its electronic systems and prepared the modern electronic system for the work of the specialized Departments and the connection between them. It speeds up the production process and handling claims
- 02 The company has prepared modern electronic applications for selling insurance policies through computers and mobile devices, in order to facilitate payment and obtaining the document electronically, quickly and safely
- 03 The company applies and follows the highest standards in electronic security and data protection in a confidential and effective manner
- 04 According to the procedures followed, the work environment in the company is now ready to work remotely when needed.
- 05 Through implementing the electronic systems, the work environment in the company has become compatible with the global trends, especially the adoption of the green environment system and the reduction of paper consumption in order to preserve a clean and sustainable environment



Since 1975



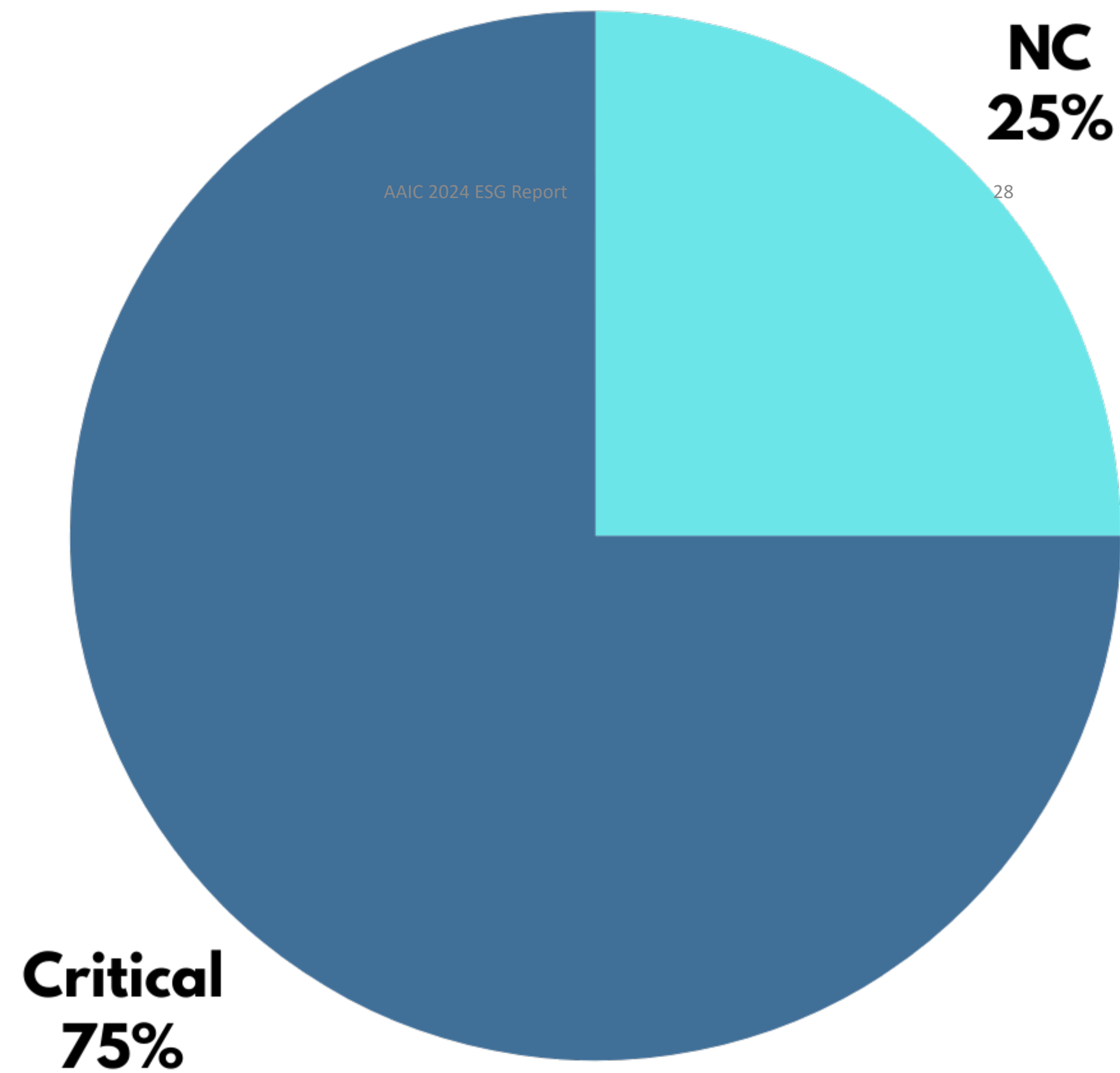
WORK FORCE PROFILE



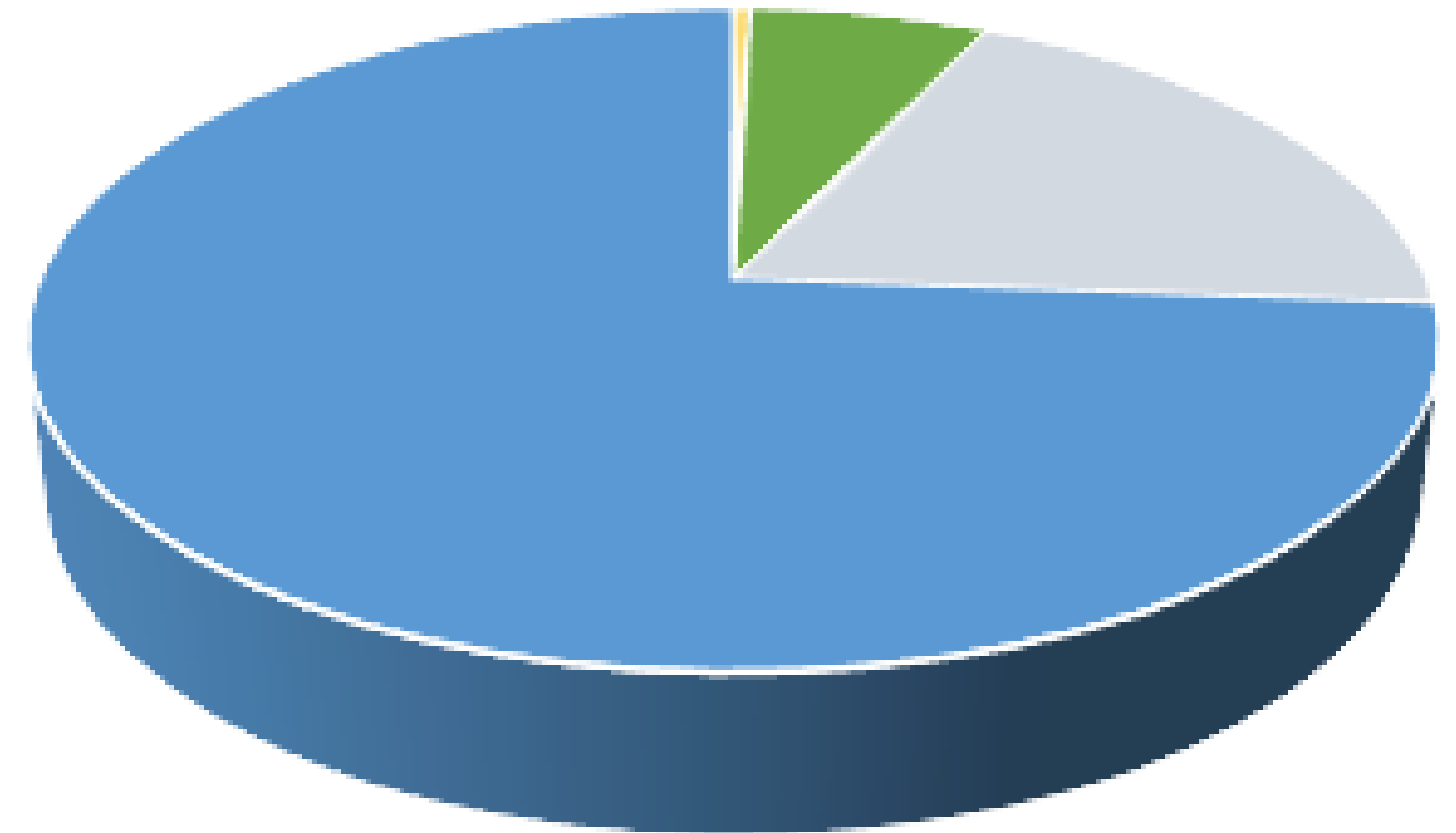
Since 1975

WORK FORCE PROFILE

JOB CRITICALITY



JOB TYPE



Top MGMT

MM

JRLM

NM



Since 1975

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS



01 COMMITMENT WITH OUR PEOPLE

We believe that our employees are our greatest asset and that by fostering a positive and supportive work environment, we can enable them to reach their full potential. We offer training programs, workshops, and mentorship initiatives to help our employees enhance their skills and knowledge. Additionally, we prioritize the well-being and work-life balance of our employees. We understand that a happy and healthy workforce is more productive and engaged. Therefore, we offer flexible work arrangements. Furthermore, open communication and transparency are integral to our commitment with our employees

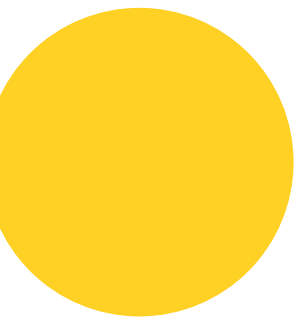
02 TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

Our T&D policy aims to enhance employee skills and knowledge, promote career growth, and support the overall growth and success of our company, and it applies to all employees of AAIC. It covers various aspects of training and development, including orientation, job-specific training, professional development, continuous learning opportunities and training with EIF



Since 1975

AL AIN AHLIA ROLE IN EMIRATIZATION 2024



Emiratization is a strategic initiative that aims to increase the participation of Emiratis in the workforce of the UAE. During the year 2024 we have recruited 11 UAE nationals which brings our UAE national percentage to 20%.

AAIC 2024 ESG Report

30

01 To implement the Emiratization we at Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company has always been at the forefront for the development of UAE Nationals by designing, implementing and monitoring efficient, talented UAE Nationals for their future development

02 There was a drastic improvement in the recruitment of UAE nationals during the year 2024 when compared to 2023.



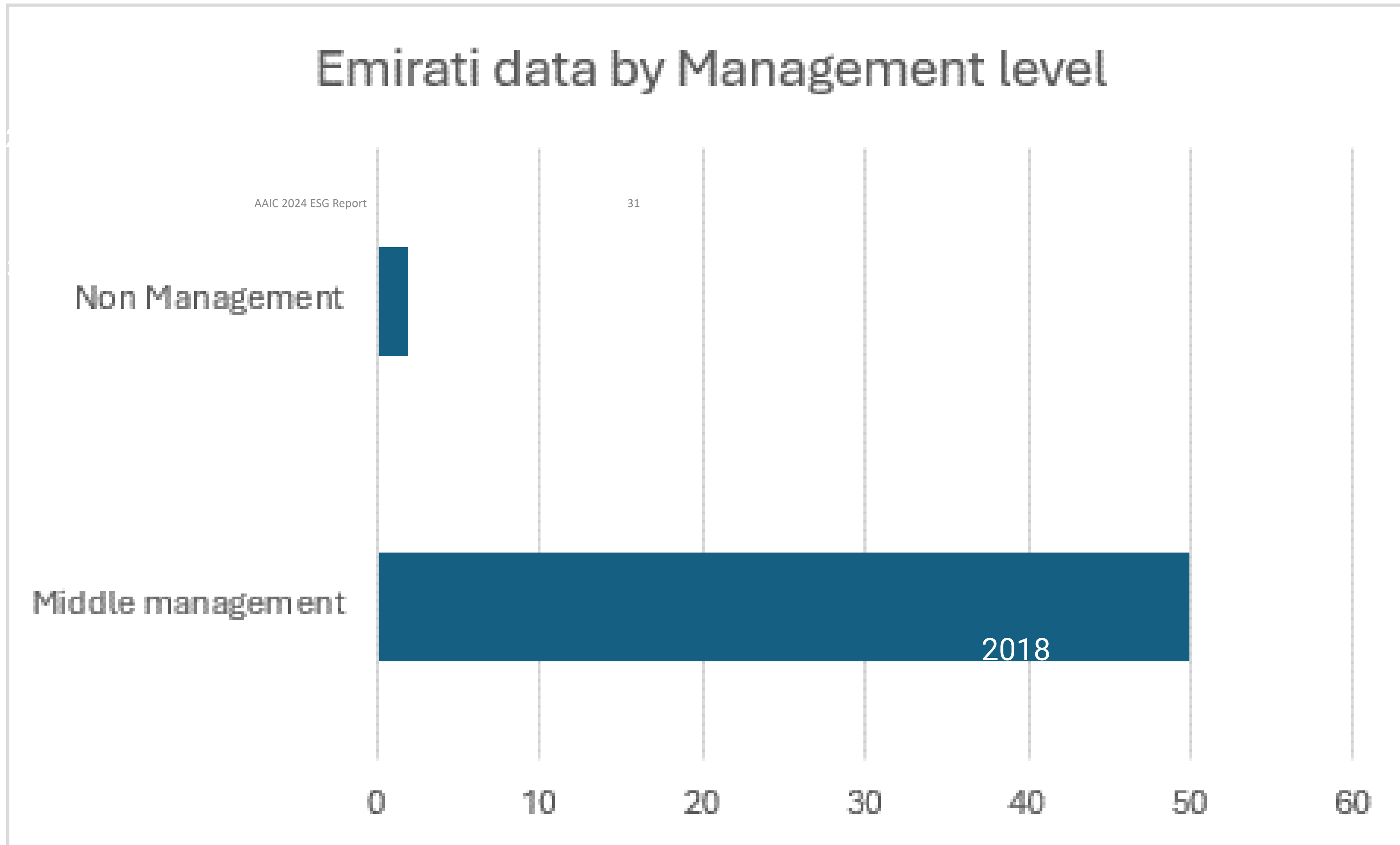
03 Our company has achieved the Emiratisation rate, of 20% during the year 2024, and we achieved more than the targeted point given by the CBUAE. We have achieved more than our recruitment point target of 10 points, and we achieved 11. Our Emiratization target of UAE National % (by 2026) is 31%.



Since 1975

EMIRATI WORK FORCE PROFILE

Management level	Number
Middle management	50
Non-Management	2



Since 1975

TRAININGS AT ALAIN AHLIA INSURANCE

TRAINING PROGRAMS

As part of its training program, AAIC developed the skills and knowledge of its employees in technical and general areas through in-house training programs or through outside resource providers.

Furthermore, the Company supports local employees through continuous training and development progress through a tactical human resources development plan

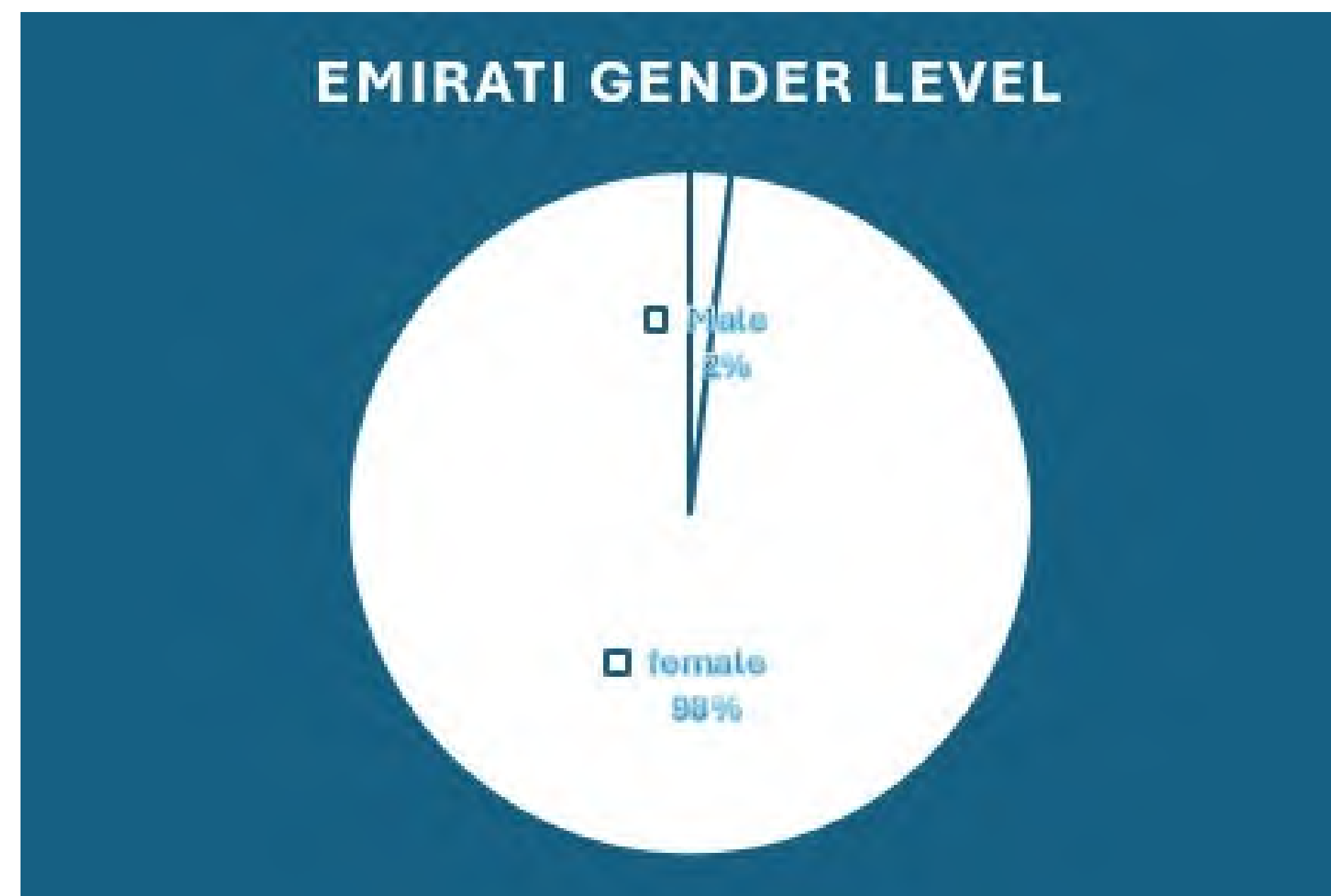
TRAININGS CONDUCTED

- Cybersecurity Awareness
- Risk Management in Insurance
- Anti Money Laundering for Insurance - Focused Lecture Series
- Anti Money Laundering in Insurance Laws & Best Practices
- Introduction to Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing - Simulation

TRAINING OF UAE NATIONALS

Department / Branch Managers identifies the need of training of UAE nationals based on their recommendation. all UAE nationals were send for the training through EIBFS , During the year 2024, we have achieved the operational target point more than required (218 out of 150).

One of the UAE national has been nominated by the company to study for ICA certificate in Anti Money Laundering with 12 month Associate Membership



Gender	Number
Male	1
Female	51



Since 1975



AVERAGE SALARIES BETWEEN MEN AND WOMEN:

The company follows a clear approach to the salary and wages policy on the basis of competence and experience in accordance with unified standards for both men and women.

SOCIAL DIVERSITY BETWEEN THE GENDERS

The company is characterized by the social diversity between the genders and equating the percentage of male or female workers in various senior, medium and ordinary jobs

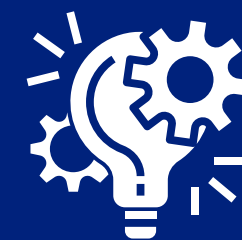
EMIRATISATION

Emiratization is a government initiative designed to encourage UAE nationals to work in all sectors including the private sector. Al Ain Ahlia Insurance is one of the insurance companies in the UAE that is dedicated to the supporting efforts to increase Emiratization rates and working towards in attaining the required ratios as part of Cabinet Resolution No. (5) on the implementation of the Emiratization Strategy in the insurance and banking industries.



PERFORMANCE APPRAISALS

All employees are evaluated by their concerned Managers in a fair and respectful way , as per our policy Performance evaluation provide a valuable opportunity for managers and employees to engage in open and honest discussions about performance. By providing feedback, setting goals, and offering support, managers can help employees grow and achieve their full potential. It is crucial for both parties to maintain a collaborative and constructive mindset throughout the evaluation process



POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

We have a well defined policies and procedures



EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

Such as: (Volunteer activities, Health Camps, Blood Donations, awareness campaigns, employee wellbeing sessions)

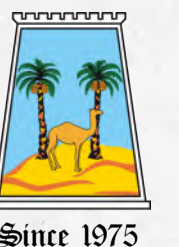


Since 1975

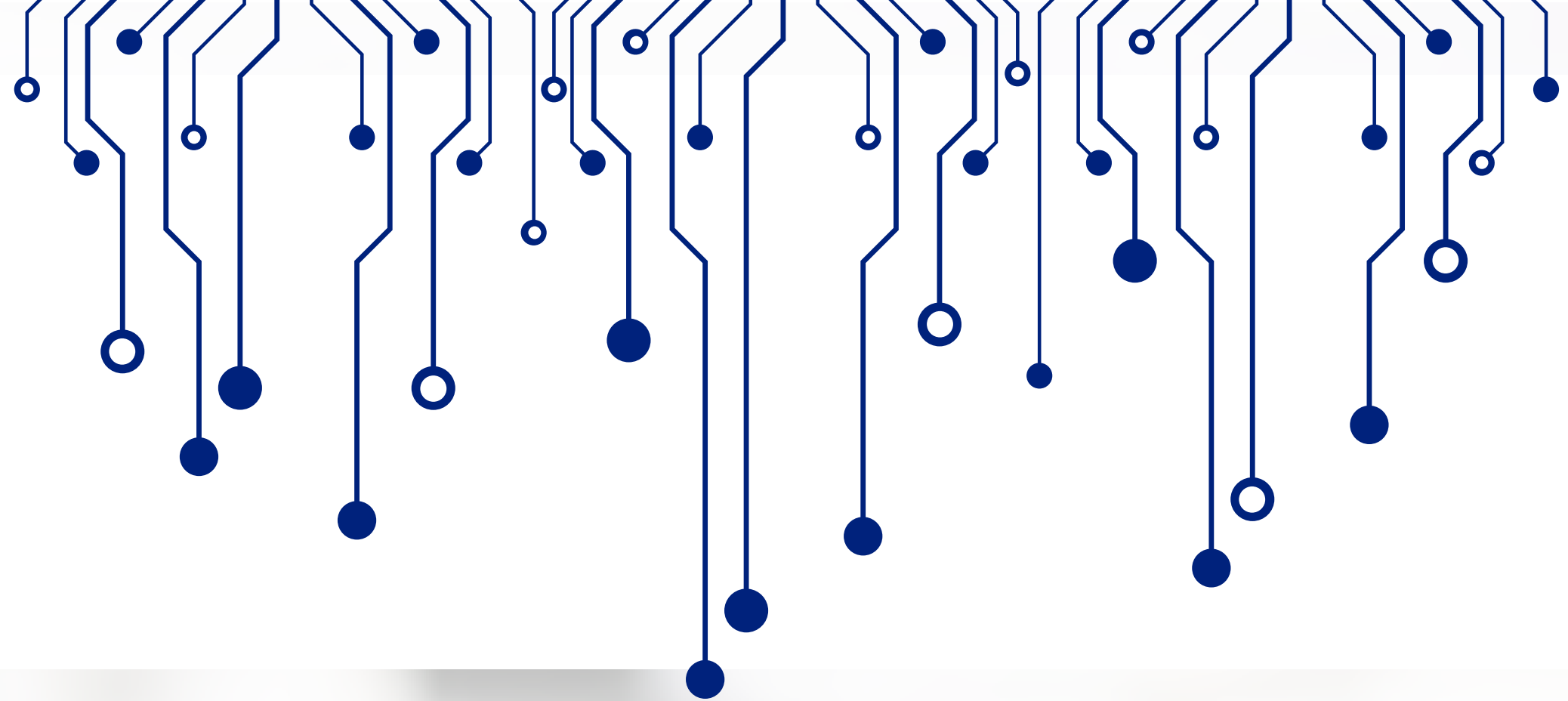


FUNDAMENTALS OF CYBER

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024



INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY



DATA PRIVACY & ETHICS



Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company has 12 important points, which are Data Protection Policies. Maintaining data privacy and ethics in business is essential to protect individuals' rights and trust, comply with regulations, and uphold a positive reputation.



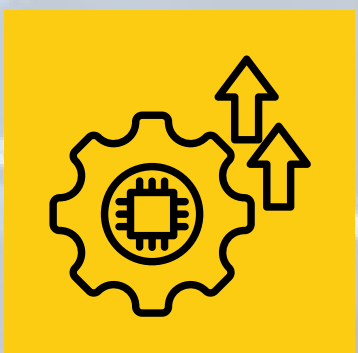
INFORMATION SECURITY

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company to protect sensitive data, guarantee compliance with laws, and foster trust with consumers and stakeholders, businesses must maintain information security. we Complete information security policies and procedures that define security standards, guidelines, and best practices have been developed and implemented

CYBER SECURITY & RISK



Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company is maintaining cybersecurity and managing cyber risks are crucial for businesses in the present digital world. We developed the following procedures and methods to lower our cyber security risk in order to manage cybersecurity effectively and reduce risks for our businesses



TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company For businesses to remain competitive, increase efficiency, and satisfy customer expectations, technology improvement is essential. it is essential to regularly assess and update our technology roadmap in order to maintain innovation and competitiveness



Since 1975



AAIC 2024 ESG Report

DIGITALIZATION

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024



Since 1975

PRODUCT ORIENTATION

01 DIGITALIZATION

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company adoption and adaptation of digital technologies and tactics on a continuous basis in order to promote innovation, efficiency, and competitiveness is the maintenance of digital transformation in business. Maintain the adaptability of our digital transformation strategy to account for shifting business priorities and technological trends.

AAIC 2024 ESG Report

02 INNOVATION

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company maintaining company innovation is critical for being competitive, driving growth, and adjusting to changing market conditions. Develop a well-defined innovation strategy that corresponds with your company goals and objectives and ensure that senior leadership actively supports and advocates innovation activities. Employees have been given the freedom to originate and explore creative ideas.

03 CUSTOMER'S PRIORITY

Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company is maintaining a customer-centric approach in business is crucial for building strong customer relationships, fostering loyalty, and ensuring long-term success. Map out the customer journey to understand their interactions with our business from the first touchpoint to post-purchase, use these metrics to assess the effectiveness of our customer-centric efforts.



Since 1975



ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

ESG SUSTAINABILITY 2024



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE STANDARDS



01 EFFICIENT ENERGY USE

Based on the company's keenness on optimal use of energy and saving consumption in all fields in a manner that would have a good impact on the environment and health, the company, at the level of the General Administration or Branches, replaced lamps and lighting tools with modern types of low consumption, which was reflected in saving the consumption value and energy bills in addition to reducing emissions.

Efficiency initiatives implemented as follows :

- Turning off all the applications at the end of the day, turning off the displays when not in use & sleep mode, etc.
- Implement LED bulbs
- Filter fixed in all the taps
- Regular maintenance of Air conditioners & electrical equipment with AMC contracts



02 WATER CONSERVATION

The company has monitored the water consumption and replaced some water distribution devices with modern types that work on the principle of reducing consumption in a manner that would be positively reflected on the environment and public safety



Since 1975



03 : WASTE MANAGEMENT

We at AAIC are committed to reducing the environmental impact of our waste and effluent management. Across all our offices and branches, a comprehensive waste management system has been implemented.

04 : PAPERLESS ENVIRONMENTAL AND DIGITALIZATION:

⁴¹ AAIC recognizes that using sustainable forestry paper, recycled paper, or exploring alternative materials can mitigate the impact of paper on the environment if paper is necessary for your business, and the future, technology advancements such as cloud storage, e-signatures, and efficient document management systems will further reduce the need for paper.

05 PROCUREMENT POLICY

AAIC implemented this policy in order to outline the approach and guidelines that should be followed when procuring goods and services, and to ensure that value for money, transparency, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are met



THANK YOU

AAIC 2024 ESG Report

42



SINCE 1975

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Al Ain Ahlia Insurance Company